BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY WHEELER & LYNDE. MONDAY MORNING, JULY 2, 1866. VOLUME XXXIII—NUMBER 1.

THE BANGOR

Daily Whig & Courier,

PUBLISHED MORNINGS, at Bowman's Block, East End Kenduskeag Bridge, on the Lower Floor.

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4.00 for Six Months.
2.00 for Three Months.

INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

The Bangor Weekly Courier

IS PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY, at the Office of the Daily Whig and Courier, at Two Dollars per year, *invariably in advance*.

WHEELER & LYNDE, PROPRIETORS.
JOHN H. LYNDE, } WM. G. WHEELER. }

AGENCIES.

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., 10 State Street, Boston, and 37 Park Row, New York, are authorized Agents for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for this paper.

S. R. NILES, Agent, Scollay's Building, Court Street, Boston.

Subscriptions must in all cases be paid in advance.

☞ Subscribers finding this notice marked will understand that the time for which they paid has nearly expired. Your Subscription expires

BUSINESS CARDS.

Stevens, Haskell & Chase

JOBBERS OF

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers,

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

54 & 56 Middle Street,

Over Woodman, True & Co's.

may 16—6m* PORTLAND.

Bangor Commercial College

And Telegraph Institute,

Lewis Block, - - - Main St., Bangor,

A Link in the Great American Chain.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN here acquire a Practical Business Education, for *Comprehensiveness, Thoroughness and Economy*, this Institution stands unsurpassed.

The *Telegraph Department* is in charge of an accomplished sound operator, and is in successful operation, having five stations.

For further information call at College Rooms, or address

Worthington, Warner & Smith.

april 23—3taw

JOHN B. FOSTER. JOSIAH W. FREESE.

JOHN B. FOSTER & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

Auctioneers & Insurance Agents,

No. 44 West Market Square, Bangor, Me.

Particular attention given to the sale of Real Estate, Merchandise and Personal Property. may18

HORTON & PATTEN,

DEALERS IN

Pianos, Cabinet Organs,
Melodeons, Violins, Guitars & Strings

MUSIC BOOKS AND SHEET MUSIC

TUNING DONE TO ORDER.

No. 1, East End, Kenduskeag Bridge,

L. A. HORTON, } BANGOR, ME.
J. S. PATTEN. } apr 10

PLAISTED & CLARK,

Attorneys and Counsellors-at-Law,

BANGOR, MAINE.

OFFICE—

In the Granite Block, East Market Square, lately occupied by the COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE, "Up to Climb."

Will also attend to business in the Courts of the adjoining counties, particularly in Aroostook county.

H. M. PLAISTED. } (Times)
WHITING S. CLARK. }

Notice of Co-Partnership.

THE Subscribers have formed a Co-partnership under the style of

BOWEN & JOHNSTON,

for the transaction of the

Ship Chandlery Business.

AT THE OLD STAND

No. 12 Exchange Street.

GEORGE BOWEN. T. K. JOHNSTON.

We are prepared to furnish Vessels with STORES and CHANDLERY at lowest market prices. Ship Masters and Owners will be supplied with all Goods in our line at lowest rates.

march 18t tf

ROBERT TREAT & CO

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

CORN & FLOUR,

W. I. GOODS, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, SHIP CHANDLERY &C.

Nos. 90 Exchange St., Opposite Pen. Exchange

nov7 dt ROBERT TREAT. JOHN STRANGE.

HORATIO PITCHER,

COMMISSION and FORWARDING MERCHANT,

DEALER IN

SHIP STORES and CHANDLERY,

Harris's Wharf, - Savannah, Ga.

aug14

NICKERSON & PAINE,

Attorneys & Counsellors at Law,

OFFICE, - - No. 10 Wheelwright & Clark's Block
(*Up two flights of Stairs.*)

Bangor, Aug. 2, 1865. daw

J. H. CLERGUE

BARBER,

AND

Ladies' and Gents' Wig-Maker,

Has removed to No. 119 Exchange St., over Brooks & Rowe's.

dec22 Ladies' Entrance No. 116.

Pitcher, Fuller & Co.,

Commission Merchants and Receivers of Flour and Produce,

And Dealers in Ship Chandlery,

No. 200 Commercial Street,

P. W. PITCHER. } BOSTON.
H. M. FULLER. }
J. R. FLYNNER. }

5'66

PUMP AND BLOCK

MANUFACTORY.

The Subscriber continues to Manufacture

Ship Blocks & Pumps,

Well Pumps made and warranted to work

Repairing done in all its branches. Orders solicited.

JOHN O. YOUNG.

will 5—tf No. 18 Broad Street, Bangor

BUSINESS CARDS.

WHITE & FOSTER,

DEALERS IN

SHIP STORES,

CHANDLERY,

PROVISIONS & FAMILY GROCERIES,

NOS. 21 and 23 EXCHANGE STREET.

Bangor, Me.

T. H. WHITE. April JOHN FOSTER

LOTHROP, BEARSE & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

EXCELSIOR BURNING OIL,

Sperm Oil, Coal, Sperm, Whale, Lard, and Lubricating Oils, also,

BURNING FLUID, PETROLEUM and BENZINE.

Lamp Ware, Burners, Flint Tubes, Wicking, &c.

No. 45 INDIA STREET,

BOSTON.

J. A. B. LOTHROP. }
A. BEARSE. }
H. HUNT. } J. W. Handy, Travelling Agt.
N. H. COLTON, General Agent for Bangor.

june2 3taw

S. P. BROWN & SON,

Commission Merchants,

465 NINTH STREET,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Particular attention paid to the sale of

ANTHRACITE & CUMBERLAND COAL,

Lumber, Granite, Lime, Cement, Slate, Bricks, Hay, Potatoes, Corn, Oats, &c., &c.

Mercantile Collections made in this city, & through our Correspondents in all parts of the United States. Highest rates of Freight obtained for Vessels with Despatch.

All Claims against the Government promptly collected.

S. P. BROWN, A. P. BROWN.
Late Navy Agent. june 4—6md

CROCKERY WARE

At Wholesale.

OUR SPRING IMPORTATIONS have arrived, and we now offer to the TRADE a large stock of

White Granite & Common Ware

AT REDUCED PRICES.

Also, a large assortment of

Glass Ware, Kerosene Goods,

Silver Plated and Britannia Ware, Table Cutlery and Fancy Goods.

SELLING LOW, AT NO. 1 MAIN STREET.

RICKER & IRELAND.

April 14.—tf

COTTON DUCK,

CHAINS, ANCHORS, &c.

THE subscribers, manufacturers and sole agents for the sale of "LA WRENCE" and "OLD COLONY" Cotton Duck and Twine, now have a full assortment on hand: likewise,

300 Pieces Cotton Ravens Duck.
20 Bales 2 and 3 Thread Flax Sail Twine.
20 Bales Stout and Light Russia Ravens Duck.
500 Coils Hall's Russia Bolt-rope.
300 Pieces English Anchor Bunting, asst'd colors.
100 Chain Cables, ⅞ in. to 1¼ in.
100 Tons Cable Chain, 3-16 in. to 1¼ in.
Wrought American Anchors.

For sale at 23 & 25 Commercial St., Boston.

FEARING, THACHER & CO.

may 5—d3m*

Picture Frame Maker,

and Burnish Gilder.

W. H. TODD, No. 12 State Street, East side, would be happy to wait upon those who will favor him with a call; and would also say, in regard to quality of work and goods, that they are of the BEST KIND. Having had some sixteen years experience in the Gilding business, I feel confident in saying that my work cannot be surpassed by any one.

☞ Old Frames Re-gilded, and Frames Varnished. Frames of every variety made to order, as cheap as at any shop in Bangor.

☞ Please call and examine for yourselves at No. 12 State Street, East side, at

W. H. TODD'S
Gilding Establishment.

July 25, 1864—tf

TWO IMPORTED HORSES for draft stock, weighing 1350 and 1425, (the best stock in Maine) will stand for the service of Mares at the stable of J. & G. G. HATHAWAY, Exeter, (2.30) warrant, $15 for the season. Payable in advance.

J. & G. G. HATHAWAY.

may 18

ICE,

From the Merrill and Bruce Ponds.

FAMILIES, HOTELS, SALOONS & MARKETS, furnished by the

MONTH, SEASON AND YEAR,

on reasonable terms.

J. & G. G. Hathaway.

april 9—tf

Paints, Oils,

Drugs,

Medicines,

Window Glass & Dye Stuffs.

Coffin & Williams,

NOS. 5 and 6 COMMERCIAL WHARF,

may 14—3m BOSTON.

Cotton & Doble

HAVE PURCHASED THE STAND OF CHAS. CONNOR, and will carry on

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING

in all its branches, at lowest rates. Also, Blacksmithing and the manufacture of Edge Tools. Painting of all kinds done to order. nov17 tf

Geoffrey's Hair Renovator,

WILL RESTORE GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR!

Will Prevent the Hair from Falling Off!

Will Make the Hair Soft and Glossy!

Will not Stain the Whitest Linen, and is

WARRANTED!

IT'S SALE in the Bangor market has increased, in less than two years, from *One Gross* to more than *Two Hundred Bottles*, and its sale is as rapidly increasing throughout the Union. Buy a bottle for yourself the fact that it is the BEST ARTICLE ever manufactured, and then recommend it to your friends.

WE SAY that it is put up in flint bottles and is WARRANTED.

For Sale by A. & Co. B. F. Bradbury, N. S. Harlow, Wm. Lee & Son, and J. S. Ingraham, Agents for Bangor, and by Druggists everywhere.

Price $1.00 per Bottle.

GEOFFREY'S HAIR RENOVATOR is for sale at WILLIAMS' TONSORIAL COLLEGE, Exchange & Clark's Block.

Bangor, Oct. 23, 1865. daw

Molasses!

JUST RECEIVED—100 HHDS. and TIERCES, Fine Muscovado and Clayed

MOLASSES.

Sugars, Teas, Pork, Lard, Fish, Salt, &c.

For sale by AYER & WEED.

april 9—tf 19 Broad St., Bangor.

Cement.

New Plaster!

Newark Cement!

Landing from vessel and for sale by

JOHN A. PEIRCE & CO.

may 7 No. 1 Granite Block.

HARPER, at HOME for July, with Portrait of Miss Mary Anderson.

CHAS. REDE.

BANGOR HOUSE;

Main Street, Bangor, Maine,

O. M. SHAW, - - - - - - - - Proprietor.

☞ The above House is one of the largest and best arranged Hotels in the State. Its location is unsurpassed, being in a central position, easy of access, and nearest to the Steamboats and Railroad Stations. Stages leave the above House, daily, for all parts of the country. Oct. 13

FIRE-WORKS!

The Largest Stock!
The Best Quality!
The Lowest Prices

DISPLAYS

FOR CITIES AND TOWNS FURNISHED, from $100 to $5000, at short notice.

SEND FOR PRICE LIST,

and compare with other and *higher* lists.

Cutler, Austin & Co.,

32 & 36 Federal, & 109, 111 & 113 Congress Streets, Boston.

Only Wholesale Depot for the celebrated

J. XL. WORKS,

AND ORIGINAL SHORT STICK ROCKET.

All others are imitations.

june8—dtly 4

CHOICE TEAS!

Rio & Java Coffee,

Sugar of all kinds,

Clear & Mess Pork,

Corn, Meal & Flour,

Syrup and Molasses,

Soaps,

Spices of all kinds,

And a General Assortment

—OF—

GROCERIES

—AT—

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Chas. G. Wilson & Co.,

May 24 117 EXCHANGE ST.

THE LARGEST STOCK

—OF—

ENGLISH & AMERICAN

TABLE CUTLERY,

IN BANGOR,

FOR SALE LOW BY

Fogg & Bridges.

may 15

STODDARD'S

CHOLERA SPECIFIC

A SURE PREVENTIVE AND CURE FOR

Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Dysentry, Summer Complaints, Pain in the Stomach and Bowels, &c.

Its action is IMMEDIATE and EFFICACIOUS. Its virtues have been tested by thousands since the Cholera season of 1849. Physicians THEM AND RECOMMEND it. All admit it to be the BEST COMPOUND KNOWN for the complaints for which it is designed.

STODDARD & BURTON, Proprietors, Troy, N. Y.

For sale by all Druggists and dealers in Medicines.

J. WEBSTER & CO., Nashua, N. H.,
Travelling Agents.

may 14—3md&w

Cholera!

THE PEOPLE are preparing to resist Cholera (and it is for whom? Cholera Morbus, Cramps, Dysentery, &c.,) by keeping at hand, ready for use,

"Payne's Oriental Cholera Remedy."

The best known remedy endorsed by the first Physicians and Medical Associations.

Positively not made from any American Receipt.

B. F. BRADBURY, and MANN & CURTIS, wholesale and retail Agents. may 19—3m*

2000 Gallons

EX. WINTER LARD,

OLIVE, ELAIN AND

LUBRICATING OILS,

Now arriving at

121 EXCHANGE ST.

Brooks & Rowe.

june1

DIRIGO!

The well known Stallion DIRIGO will stand for a limited number of Mares at BANGOR at HATHAWAY'S STABLE, Terms, $25 to warrant, $50 for the season. For further inform'n apply at the office of J. & G. G. HATHAWAY, Exchange Square.

LIME.

HALL'S LIME received fresh every week. For sale wholesale and retail by

may 9 JOHN A. PEIRCE & CO.

Yellow Sheathing Metal

AND

COTTON DUCK.

BRIDGEWATER Yello Sheathing Metal, and Woodbury Cotton Duck, superior articles, at the lowest manufacturers' prices. Constantly on hand for sale by

SAM'L HALE & CO.

april 30—3m

Malden Dye House,

OFFICE—

Corner Court and Hanover Streets, Boston.

Established in 1827.

LADIES' DRESSES, SHAWLS, &c. dyed in the best manner.

Gentlemen's Coats, Pants and Vests dyed or cleansed and without ripping.

Kid Gloves dyed or cleansed.

This is the oldest establishment of the kind in the United States, and is celebrated for the excellence of its work.

Goods received and returned by EXPRESS, or forwarded by Express or Mail to any part of the country.

AYER & WEED, Agents,
19 Broad St., Bangor.

may 1—dtf

Salt and Coarse Sponges!

CALL AT THE BANGOR BOTANIC DRUG STORE for the choicest SPONGES of all kinds.

may 7 No. 1 Granite Block.

Bangor Lumber Market.

PRICE CURRENT.

BOARDS.

No. 2 Dry Pine	$30
No. 3 do	50
No. 4 do	40
No. 2 Green,	50
No. 3 do	40
No. 4 do	30
Dry Cargo Pine Planers	40 to 45
Green, do	35
Dry pine Shippers	22
Green, do	20
Green pine peeling	10
Green pine Scoots	6
Dry Pine 4s do	13
Spruce dimensions random sizes	16
Spruce frames cut to order,	18 to 28
Spruce boards 1¼ inch, green,	16
Spruce boards dry	18
Green Hemlock Boards,	11
Green Hemlock dimensions,	12 to 15
Dry Hemlock Boards,	13
Dry Narrow Pine Boards,	17
Spruce Scoots,	6

CLAPBOARDS.

Extra Heart,	$55
Clear,	50
Extra Sap	45
Clear do	42
No. 1 do	22 to 25
Extra Spruce,	30

Pine Blind Slats 4 ft. 8 in. long, 2¼ in. wide, ¾ in. thick, $8 00

Pine Blind Slats 4 ft. long, 2¼ in. wide, ⅝ in. thick, 7 00

Pine Blind Stiles 4 to 6 ft. long, 1⅛ in square 35 00

Pine Door Stiles 6 to 7 ft. long, 1⅛ in square 45 00

Pine Door Panels 4 ft. long, 10 to 13 in wide, ⅝ in. thick, 45 00

Pine Rails from 2 ft. 8 in. to 3 ft. long, 5, 7½ and 9½ in. wide, 1½ to 1⅝ in. thick, 45 00

Pine bed slat ends 4 ft. 9 in. long, 2½ in wide, ¾ in thick, 18 00

Spruce bed slats 5 ft. 9 in. long, 2¾ in wide, ¾ in thick, 25 00

Spruce bbl. staves 2 ft. 6 in. long, 3 in. wide, ⅝ in thick, 8 00

Spruce half bbl. staves 2 ft. long, 3 in. wide, ⅝ in thick, 5 00

Spruce bbl. syrup staves 34 in. long, 3½ and 4½ in. wide, ⅝ in thick, 11 00

BANISTER STUFF.

Clear Spruce	3¼ & 4 ft. long,	1¼ in. square	$19 00
"	4 ft. 2 in. long	1¼ "	22 00
"	4 ft. 6 in. long	1¼ "	25 00
"	5 ft.	1¼ "	28 00
"	6 ft.	1¼ "	32 00
"	8 ft.	1¼ "	36 00
"	10 ft.	1¼ "	40 00
"	12 ft.	1¼ "	42 00

Clear Spruce 25
No. 1 do 20

LATHS.

Spruce, $2.50
Pine, 3.00

PICKETS.

6 feet Spruce, $20
5 feet clear do 18
5 feet No. 1 do 14
6 feet clear do 16
4 feet No. 1 do 10
4 feet clear pine 20
6 feet do 2 in. 13
4 feet No. 1 do 10
4 feet do 2 in 8

SHINGLES.

Best Shaved Cedar,	$8.75
No. 2 do	6.25
No. 3 do	5.25
No. 4 do	4.00
Best sh'd Pine	7.50
No. 2 do	7.00
No. 3 do	6.00
No. 4 do	5.50
Extra Sawed Pine,	5.50
No. 1 do	3.50 to 4.00
Best ex sawed cedar,	4.50
No. 2 do	4.25
Best No. 1 do	3.50
No. 1 do	3.25
Ex. Spruce do	3.00
No. 1 do	2.25
	a23 mw&f

Purify! Purify!

Buy at Harlow's Drug Store,

Chloride of Lime,
Chloride of Soda,
Sulphate of Iron or Copperas,
English Disenfectious Powders,
Carbolic Acid
Permanganate of Potass.

PRICES VERY LOW.

HARLOW'S,

may 4 4 Smith's Block.

Fresh Prunes for Cooking.

THE best and juciest ever brought here at a very low price.

HARLOW'S

4 Smith's Block. may 4

English Pickles,

SAUCES & CONDIMENTS, P. & C. SARDINES. Fresh Fruits in cans and jars. Pure and Strong Spices, Queen Olives, Fresh Citron and Currants all sorts of Jellies and other good things. Choice Wines, &c., for cooking and for invalids.

At HARLOW'S,

4 Smith's Block. may 4

Choice Tobacco and Cigars.

A GREAT VARIETY of the very best Brands of Smoking Tobacco and Cigars. I keep also the best Chewing Tobacco that can be obtained. Those who really want to use the *best*, should call at HARLOW'S,

may 4 4 Smith's Block.

Make Your Own Soap!

AND BUY POTASH,

CONCENTRATED LYE, SAL SODA, &c.,

at HARLOW'S,

4 Smith's Block. may 4

Wash Your Sheep!

WITH SOUTH DOWN EXT. TOBACCO,

OR USE YELLOW SNUFF. Buy them at wholesale or retail of

N. S. HARLOW,

may 4 4 Smith's Block.

Spring Styles!

Bonnet & Hat Blocks,

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE AT THE OLD STAND,

NO. 76 MAIN STREET,

W. R. H. WALKER & CO.

mch 15 (Jeffersonian copy)

Paints, Oils, Varnishes,

AND TOOLS,

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

House, Ship, Carriage,

AND SIGN PAINTERS,

Articles generally, at wholesale and retail, and at

LOWER PRICES

Than any other place in the city, at

CHAS. G. WILSON & CO.'S,

apr20 NO. 117 EXCHANGE STREET.

J. P. BASS

HAS TAKEN THE AGENCY OF

Barrett's Dye House,

The Best in this Country.

ALL KINDS OF GOODS CLEANED and COLORED. Kid Gloves Cleaned and Colored. Customers leaving Goods to be colored will only be charged the regular Boston rates.

apr16—3m

July

HAYES and GODEY, Leslie, House at Home, Peterson's Magazine, received by

J. P. BURR.

july2

Whig & Courier.

Daily Established 1834. - - - Weekly 1845.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For one square (amount of 18 lines this type) one insertion, $1 00
For one square, three times in the Daily, 1 50
For one square, one week, each week's continuance, 2 00
For half square, one time, 75
For half square, three times, 1 00
For half square, one week, each week's continuance, 1 25
For one square, in Weekly, three times, 1 50
For one square, in Weekly, each week's continuance, 1 25

SPECIAL NOTICES.

$2.00 per square for first week—$1.00 per square for continuance.

DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted at the rate of "Special Notices."

☞ Advertisements continued *three times a week* at two-thirds price; *two times a week*, one half price; *one time*, one-third price.

☞ Advertisements, where the time of insertion is not specially designated, will be continued until otherwise ordered.

☞ All Transient Advertising must be paid for in advance.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Despatches to the Evening Times.

NEW ORLEANS, June 29.

At the Texas State election, Galveston, Houston, Austin, and Hamstead voted largely in favor of Throckmorton for Governor. The Union Conservative ticket was elected by an immense majority. The local elections are all the same. It is believed that the majority will be six to one. Negro suffrage filled the opposition party. A very large vote was polled throughout the State.

NEW YORK, June 30.

Special Washington despatches say—The total receipts from all sources for the fiscal year ending to-day are estimated at $560,000,000.

Senator Wilson, will, it is thought, so amend the army bill as to meet the approval of the House.

There is no hope for the bankrupt bill this session.

Gen Hooker's health is so bad he will receive leave of absence.

Gen Pope will take command of the Department of the East. Gen Hancock will succeed Pope in the West and Gen Slocum will go to Baltimore.

Seventy-five clerks in the pension office have been removed to make place for disabled soldiers.

The indications are that the Conference Committee will fix the tax on cotton at 3½c per pound.

At least 15,000 rations are required for destitute whites and blacks in Alabama during July.

A bad state of affairs is represented as existing in North Carolina.

The Freedmen's Bureau Commissioners are constantly asking protection from Gen. Robinson, who replies that he has not military force under his command to comply with the requests.

James W. Duncan, of Andersonville notoriety, has been sentenced to 15 years imprisonment for murder, in violation of the laws of war.

WASHINGTON, June 30.

Despatches from Admiral Jordan confirm the previously received accounts of a battle between the Paraguayans and the allies in April.

THE MAD STONE. A Richmond, Va., correspondent of the N. Y. Times tells the following story, which our readers can believe or not as they please:

Everybody has heard of the famous Mad Stones, not more than a score of which were known to be in existence. In Virginia the substance is known as the Ponto Stone, from the fact that Doctor Ponto (long since dead) a resident of the region where the late discovery was made, was the first to use it, and from him all the known specimens have come. The instances where the Ponto Stone has cured and prevented hydrophobia are very numerous; but it was never tried for any other poison. This much of premise, and I come to my history, first saying that the parties not yet knowing exactly how to proceed, I do not feel at liberty to give names in full, and therefore use initial letters.

About six weeks ago, a Mr. G., a resident of Halifax, came to Dr. M., and said he had found something that looked like the Ponto Stone, and producing a dozen pieces, wished the doctor to experiment with them. The doctor was skeptical, but to accommodate his friend, undertook to comply with his desire. For some time no opportunity for experiment was presented—mad dogs fortunately not being very plentiful at any time or in any place, and very scarce indeed in Virginia so early in the summer. At last, about ten days ago, a negro on the doctor's place loading corn shucks, gathered up in one arm full a huge copperhead snake, which bit him on the arm just above the wrist. The negro yelled, of course, but stopping only to tie his suspender tightly around his arm above the elbow, started on the run for the doctor. The distance was not great, but by the time he arrived the arm was greatly swollen, thus distinctly showing the poison to be very virulent. Dr. M. resolved on trying the stone, and applied it, following the directions in the use of the Ponto Stone. In the present instance the stone clung to the negro's arm with wonderful tenacity for a few minutes and then fell off, the swelling meantime sensibly decreasing. It was then put in lukewarm water, and the poison was distinctly seen to exude from it. Being taken out of the water and thoroughly dried it was again applied, and again adhered, but not so long as before, nor with the same terrible grip, but when it came off all the poison in the negro's veins came with it, or at least the man went back to work at once, and within an hour of the time he was bitten and has shown no signs of the virus since.

It was thus satisfactorily established to Dr. M. that the stone would extract the poison of a snake, and it instantly occurred to him that it was an antidote for one kind of poison it was for another, and he pursued the experiments further. His next applied the stone to venereal poison, and with precisely the same effect. The case was one in primary stage, and of very virulent character, and in three days an entire cure had been perfected. Having thus discovered the great value of the stone, Dr. M. attempted next to trace the discovery of the new stone of it, but with only partial success. It would seem only that he had found some of it, and could not be induced to say when, where, how, or how much further than he might supply a hundred pounds or so.

From a negro, however, it was extracted about and come upon the substance while digging a mill-race, that he had scrutinized it closely, taking a specimen and instantly abandoned the mill-race by that route, and the rest is known. The discovery was made in its original state. This much and more would the doctor tell, and the secret he parts with us two and Mad Stone in pocket, with the two and Mad Stone in pocket. Dr. M., however, and his brother, J. A. M., on this slight information, ventured a large sum for a half interest in the stone, with a view of having it introduced into the practice of medicine.

I have spoken of this thing as a stone, but it is nothing of the sort, being evidently a vegetable and not a mineral substance. It is found in small pieces, and is of three colors—a jet black, and two shades of dingy white. I have two pieces now before me—one murky white, an inch and a half long, half an inch wide, and an eighth of an inch in thickness; the other jet black and of the same dimensions, except being a little wider.

(From the Bath Times.)

Maine Congregational Conference.

WEDNESDAY—EVENING.

Remarks by Rev. F. Southworth of Portland, presenting the claims of the Maine Seamen's Friend Society. The American Bible Society was presented by Rev. E. W. Jackson of Gorham. The American Missionary Association, by Rev. F. Davis. Resolutions were introduced by Rev. Dr. Adams of Brunswick, commending this organization to the notice of the church. The American Board of Foreign Missions was presented by Rev. Wm. Warren, District Secretary. The American Foreign Christian Union, presented by Rev. Dr. Eddy of New York. The American Tract Society, Boston, by Rev. John Wood. American Tract Society, New York, by Rev. L. B. Bockwood.

THURSDAY—THIRD DAY.

Sabbath School Reports were presented by Rev. Messrs. Southworth and Sampson.

The next hour was devoted to the greeting of delegates from foreign bodies.

A resolve offered by Rev. A. McKenzie of Augusta, which was passed, reads as follows:—

Resolved, That this Conference earnestly commend the Board of Publication to the pastors and people of the Congregational denomination.

Rev. Dr. Adams made a brief communication of much interest concerning Mrs. Harriet Newell, the deceased wife of the first Congregational Missionary from Maine.

The fortieth annual report of "The State of Religion in Maine," was made by Rev. Mr. Mason of Thomaston, who read statistics concerning the subject.

The subject of religion was opened to the Conference for discussion, and the Moderator called upon the Rev. Mr. Beard of Bath, who gave many interesting statistics regarding infant baptism and church membership. Other remarks were made by Rev. Messrs. Eddy of New York, Pond, Thurston, Plummer, Ives, Morse of Wiscasset, Walker, Adams, and Clark of New Hampshire.

A resolution offered by Dr. Pond, and accepted, read as follows:—

Resolved, That the Board of Publication be instructed to publish some book, or tract, for distribution, concerning infant baptism.

Afternoon.

The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper was administered, all members of Evangelical churches being cordially invited to participate. Deacons Adams of Castine, Duren of Bangor, Larabee of Portland, and Baker of Searsmont, officiated.

Able and impressive remarks were made by Rev. Mr. Clarke of Massachusetts, followed with prayer by Rev. Dr. Walker of Vermont. Remarks by Rev. Mr. Hayes of Mass. Prayer by Rev. Mr. Chapin of Camden.

Rev. Mr. Cutler of Rockland, offered resolutions, which were unanimously passed, thanking the various steamboat and railroad companies and the citizens of Bath.

Farewell remarks by Rev. Worcester Parker of Belfast.

Thanks are due to the able and indefatigable Secretary of the Conference, Deacon Elnathan F. Duren of Bangor, for favors conferred so cordially.

From the Lewiston Journal.

Universalist State Convention.

THIRD DAY.

The interest in the different meetings of this body was fully sustained to the close, yesterday evening.

Rev. Mr. Jackson, Agent for the Bible Society, was invited to address the Convention, which he did in a short and telling speech, in which the claims of the Society upon all Christian people, without regard to sect, were presented.

The following delegates were elected to attend the General Convention in Galesburg, Ill., to be held in September next, viz:—A. Battles, G. Bailey, J. C. Snow and T. M. Atwood, Clerical; and Hon. A. D. Manson of Bangor, Alfred Woodman, Esq., of Portland, Hon. A. C. Dennison of Mechanic Falls, Hon. Sydney Perham of Paris, Hon. N. G. Hichborn of Stockton, J. A. Homan, Esq., of Augusta, Hon. Ezra P. Beal of Norway, and Hon. L. L. Wadsworth, Jr., of Pembroke.

The Committee on Resolutions presented a series of four resolutions, which we append below. All but the second were adopted by unanimous votes. Upon this a lively discussion arose. It was eloquently advocated by Rev. Messrs. Battles, Bolles, Emerson of Boston, and others and opposed by Rev. Mr. Walcott of Rumford. The yeas and nays were ordered, and resulted in its adoption with but two nays, those of Gen. Clark of Turner, and Rev. Mr. Walcott.

A very cordial vote of thanks was passed for the use of the High Street Congregational Church, which had been so generously tendered; also to the friends in Auburn and Lewiston for their hospitality to the great numbers in attendance.

The Convention adjourned to meet next year in Stockton.

At 10 1-2 o'clock the Congregational Church was densely filled to listen to Rev. E. G. Brooks of New York, formerly of Bath, in this State. Mr. B. appeared as a delegate of the Trustees of the General Convention, to urge the co-operation of the Universalists of Maine in the proposed raising the present year of one hundred thousand dollars for missionary and educational purposes. Several individual responses were made to the appeal. Ten thousand dollars is the amount which it is hoped will be raised in this State.

We append the resolutions:—

1st. *Resolved*, That in view of the increase of intemperance in our community, within the few years last past, carrying in its wake a fearful train of social, national and moral evils, we hail with grateful joy the newly awakened interest in the Temperance Reform, which appears in various parts of our State, and we renew more vigorously our declarations of earnest sympathy with the movement, and urge upon the people the need of planting themselves upon the principle of total abstinence from all intoxicating drinks, and of lending their influence in suppressing, by moral means and the stern arm of the law, the tippling shops and drinking saloons of our State.

2d. *Resolved*, That when we recall the events of the last five years in our land, the unparalleled rebellion that has threatened and jeopardized the life of the nation, carrying 250,000 of our patriotic fellow-citizens to their graves, and filling our homes with weeping and lamentation, and hardening our government with a hard, bloody record of unconstitutional severity, which, ignoring the Crime of treason, surrenders the political power of our Government into the hands of those who have sought its destruction, and tramples the fundamental principles of political right, as expressed in the Declaration of Independence, by denying to any class of loyal citizens the rights of suffrage, or any of the rights of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, by which human beings have been crushed into the dust, we feel that the time has come for the friends of freedom, of human rights, and of universal suffrage, to combine for the overthrow of this tyranny, and to establish schools in the South for the education of the freedmen, as a Christian duty and obligation of the nation, and we will labor by the ballot, and all other means in our power, to establish schools for the education of freedmen in the South, and to secure to them, what shall lead them to the possession of the elective franchise.

3d. *Resolved*, That the soldiers who left their peaceful homes, and in the spirit of noble patriotism, went forth to the defence of their country, are entitled to and do have our heartiest gratitude for their heroic acts and deeds of self-sacrifice. We owe them a debt we can never pay. We feel, also, that those whose bodies are glorified by the scars of their honorable warfare, and those who have thus been disabled for life, as well as the wives and children of those who have laid their lives as a sacrifice upon their country's altar, should receive the deepest sympathy; and we call upon the towns, cities and counties of our State, in which they reside, to take each under their guardian care, and show to them and the world that Republics are not ungrateful.

Iron-Clads at Sea—Passage of the Miantonomoh.

WASHINGTON, June 29.

The Navy Department has received despatches from Captain Fox, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, dated at Queenstown on the 16th inst., announcing the arrival there on that day of the iron-clad Miantonomoh and her consorts, the Augusta and the Ashuelot, after a run of ten days and eighteen hours from St. Johns. The journal shows that the trip was a pleasant one, without either accident or incident of special interest, though the vessels experienced some wind on the second and third days out. The iron-clad was not in the least disturbed by the wind or the heavy seas, though the other vessels rolled from ten to twenty-five degrees. Union of his letters Captain Fox discusses the sea-going fighting capacity of the iron-clads, and as his remarks and conclusions are of general interest an extract is subjoined:

Can the monitor style of iron-clads invented by Captain Ericsson be so constructed as to make them efficient fighting sea-going cruisers? The facts with regard to the behavior of this vessel in a moderate gale of wind and heavy sea, when a frigate would find it impossible to use her battery, are as follows: With head to the sea she takes over about four feet of solid water, which is broken as it sweeps along the deck, and after reaching the turret is too much spent to prevent firing the fifteen-inch guns directly abead; with broadside to the sea, either at rest or while moving, her two guns can always be worked without difficulty, the water which passes across the deck from windward being divided by the turrets, and her extreme roll so moderate as not to press her lee guns near the water; lying in the same manner as when going head to it. In the trough of the sea her ports will be liable to flooding, if required to use her guns to windward. This, then, would be the position selected by an antagonist, which designed to fight a monitor in a sea-way. The turret guns of a monitor occupy a central position, where, notwithstanding the lowness of the vessel's hull, they are more easily and safely handled in a sea-way, than guns of the same height above the water, in a broadside vessel. The axis of the bore of the guns of this vessel are six and a half feet above the water, and the extreme lurch, when lying broadside to a heavy sea in a moderate gale, was seven degrees to windward and four degrees to leeward—average, five and a half degrees, while the average roll at the same time of the Augusta, a remarkably steady ship, was eighteen degrees and of the Ashuelot, twenty-five degrees, both vessels being steadied by sail. A vessel which attacks a monitor in a sea-way must approach very close to have any chance of hitting such a low hull, and even then, the monitor is half the time covered by three or four feet of water, protecting her and disturbing her opponent's fire.

From these facts, not unknown to monitor men, and the experience we derived from the use of such vessels during the war, we may safely conclude that the monitor type of iron-clads is superior to the broadside, and not only for fighting purposes at sea, but also for cruising. A properly constructed monitor, possessing all the requirements of a cruiser, ought to be constructed of iron and have but one turret, armed with not less than twenty-inch guns, two independent propellers and the usual proportion of sail.

Captain Fox write a private letter to a friend in the department, in which he says that officers and men concur in the opinion that the monitor is one of the pleasantest of vessels to cross the ocean in. He speaks of her action as in every respect admirable.—Sp. to Boston Advertiser.

THE JOPPA COLONY AND ITS FOUNDER.—The following description of the inception and present condition of the Joppa Colony scheme together with its founders, we take from a correspondence in the Portland Press. The correspondent has met Mr Adams, the projector of the colony, and his wife on board the steamer City of Richmond. After describing how they first came to Jonesport shabbily dressed, and in exceedingly straitened circumstances, the account goes on as follows:

As before stated, they came to Jonesport about three years ago and commenced their work of making proselytes to their peculiar faith, and great success has crowned their labors, covered their bodies with good garments and filled their pockets with money. They have taken the tide at its flood, and their followers number over one hundred taken from the best families of Jonesport and Indian River. These converts have the most implicit confidence in this man.

Adams and McKenney the first and most influential convert, have been to Palestine and have purchased about ten acres of land near Joppa, about thirty miles from Jerusalem, which is run into houselots and sold to these converts and expect to sail in a few weeks to that far off land, and settle there with the expectation of witnessing the restoration of the Jews and a great and wonderful change in all human affairs. Adams says the greatest battle ever fought on this earth is to be fought in the valley of Jehosaphat. A world will be in arms, but those who settle at Joppa, the land of olives, figs pomegranites, will have peace there. Adams proves all this from the scriptures to the entire satis

BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY WHEELER & LYNDE. MONDAY MORNING, JULY 2, 1866. VOLUME XXXIII---NUMBER 1.

THE BANGOR

Daily Whig & Courier,

PUBLISHED MORNINGS,

at Bowman's Block, East End Kenduskeag Bridge, on the Lower Floor.

TERMS---$8.00 per Year.
4.00 for Six Months.
2.00 for Three Months.
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

The Bangor Weekly Courier

IS PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY

at the Office of the Daily Whig and Courier, at Two Dollars per year, *invariably in advance.*

WHEELER & LYNDE, PROPRIETORS,
W. H. WHEELER. JOHN H. LYNDE.

AGENCIES,

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., 10 State Street, Boston, and 37 Park Row, New York, are authorized Agents for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for this paper.

S. R. NILES, Agent, Scollay's Building, Court Street, Boston.

Subscriptions must in all cases be paid in advance.

☞ Subscribers finding this notice marked, will understand that the time for which they paid has nearly expired.

Your Subscription expires

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Stevens, Haskell & Chase

JOBBERS OF

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers,

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,

54 & 56 Middle Street,

Over Woodman, True & Co.'s,

may 16---6m* PORTLAND.

Bangor Commercial College

And Telegraph Institute,

Lewis Block, - - - Main St., Bangor,

A Link in the Great American Chain.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN here acquire a Practical Business Education. For *Comprehensiveness, Thoroughness* and *Economy*, this Institution stands unsurpassed. The *Telegraph Department* is in charge of an accomplished sound operator, and is in successful operation, having five stations. For further information, call at College Rooms, or address

Worthington, Warner & Smith.

April 4---3taw

JOHN B. FOSTER. JOSEPH W. FREESE.

JOHN B. FOSTER & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

Auctioneers & Insurance Agents,

No. 44 West Market Square, Bangor, Me.

Particular attention given to the sale of Real Estate, Merchandise and Personal Property. may18

HORTON & PATTEN,

DEALERS IN

Pianos, Cabinet Organs, Melodeons, Violins, Guitars & Strings,

MUSIC BOOKS AND SHEET MUSIC

TUNING DONE TO ORDER.

No. 7 East End Kenduskeag Bridge,

L. R. HORTON, } BANGOR, ME.
S. PATTEN, } apr 10

PLAISTED & CLARK,

Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law,

BANGOR, MAINE.

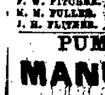
---OFFICE---

In the Granite Block, East Market Square, The same lately occupied by the COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE. Stairs to Climb.

Will also attend to business in the Courts of the adjoining counties, particularly Piscataquis county.

H. M. PLAISTED. WHITING S. CLARK.
mch 5---sntf (Times)

Notice of Co-Partnership.



THE Subscribers have formed a co-partnership under the style of

BOWEN & JOHNSTON

for the transaction of the

Ship Chandlery Business.

AT THE OLD STAND

No. 12 Exchange Street.

GEORGE BOWEN. T. E. JOHNSTON.

We are prepared to furnish Vessels with STORES and CHANDLERY at lowest market prices. Ship Masters and Owners will be supplied with all Goods in our line at lowest rates.

march 13 tf

ROBERT TREAT & CO

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

CORN & FLOUR,

W. I. GOODS, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, SHIP CHANDLERY &c.

Nos. 90 Exchange St., Opposite Pen. Exchange

ROBERT TREAT.
JOHN STRANGE.

nov7 dt

HORATIO PITCHER,

COMMISSION and FORWARDING MERCHANT,

DEALER IN

SHIP STORES and CHANDLERY,

Harris's Wharf, Savannah, Ga.

aug14

NICKERSON & PAINE,

Attorneys & Counsellors at Law,

OFFICE, - - No. 10 Wheelwright & Clark's Block

(Up two flights of Stairs.)

Bangor, Aug. 2, 1865. daw

J. H. CLERGUE

BARBER,

AND

Ladies' and Gents' Wig-Maker,

Has removed to No. 119 Exchange St., over Bloon & Rowe's.

dec22 Ladies' Entrance No. 115.

Pitcher, Fuller & Co.,

Commission Merchants and Receivers of Flour and Produce,

And Dealers in Ship Stores and Chandlery,

No. 1 Commercial Street,

F. W. PITCHER, BOSTON.
H. M. FULLER.
J. H. FLETCHER.

jan16 '64

PUMP AND BLOCK

MANUFACTORY.

The Subscriber continues to Manufacture

Ship Blocks & Pumps,

Well Pumps made, and warranted to work over and over again without repairing. Orders promptly attended to. Shop on Water Street, near Exchange.

JOHN C. YOUNG.
No. 15 Broad Street, Bangor.

apl 1---tf

BUSINESS CARDS.

WHITE & FOSTER,

DEALERS IN

SHIP STORES,

CHANDLERY,

PROVISIONS & FAMILY GROCERIES,

NOS. 21 and 23 EXCHANGE STREET,

Bangor, Me.

T. J. WHITE. JOHN FOSTER.
may7 dtf

LOTHROP, BEARSE & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

EXCELSIOR BURNING OIL,

Signal Oil, Coal, Sperm, Whale, Lard, and Lubricating Oils, also,

BURNING FLUID, PETROLEUM and BENZINE

Lamp Ware, Burners, Fluid Tubes, Wicking, &c.

NO. 43 INDIA STREET, BOSTON.

J. A. B. LOTHROP, J. W. Handy, Travelling Agt.
R. BEARSE.
H. HUNT.
N. H. COLLON, General Agent for Bangor.
june23 3taw

S. P. BROWN & SON,

Commission Merchants,

466 NINTH STREET,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

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ANTHRACITE & CUMBERLAND COAL

Lumber, Granite, Lime, Cement, Slate, Bricks, Hay, Potatoes, Corn, Oats, &c., &c.

Mercantile Collections made in this city, & through our Correspondents in all parts of the United States. Highest rates of Freights obtained for Vessels with Despatch.

All Claims against the Government promptly collected.

S. P. BROWN, A. P. BROWN.
Late Navy Agent. june21---6md

CROCKERY WARE

At Wholesale.

OUR SPRING IMPORTATIONS have arrived; and we now offer to the TRADE a large stock of

White Granite & Common Ware

AT REDUCED PRICES.

Also a large assortment of

Glass Ware, Kerosene Goods,

Silver-Plated and Britannia Ware, Table Cutlery and Fancy Ware.

SELLING LOW AT NO. 1 MAIN STREET.

RICKER & IRELAND.

April 14.---tf

COTTON DUCK,

CHAIRS, ANCHORS, &c.

THE subscribers, manufacturers and sole agents for the sale of "LAWRENCE" and "OLD COLONY" Cotton Duck and Twine, now have a full assortment on hand, viz:

200 Pieces Cotton Raven's Duck,
20 Bales 2 and 3 thread Flax Sail Twine,
20 Bales Stout and Light Russia Ravens Duck,
500 Coils Hoult's Russia Bolt-rope,
300 Pieces English Anchor Bunting, fast'd colors.
100 Chain Cables, ⅝ to 1⅝ inch,
100 Tons Cable Chain, 3-16 in. to 1¼ in.
Warranted American Anchors.

For sale at 23 & 25 Commercial St., Boston.

FEARING, THACHER & CO.

may 5---d3m*

Picture Frame Maker,

and Burnish Gilder.

WM. TODD, No. 12 State Street, East side, would be happy to wait upon those who will favor him with a call, and would also say, in regard to quality of work and goods, that they are of the BEST KIND. Having had some sixteen years experience in the Gilding business, I feel confident in saying that my work cannot be surpassed by any one.

☞ Old Frames Re-gilded, and Frames Varnished. Frames in every variety made to order, as cheap as at any shop in Bangor.

☞ Please call and examine for yourselves at No. 12 State Street, East side.

WM. TODD'S
July 25, 1864---tf Gilding Establishment.

TWO IMPORTED HORSES for draft stock, weighing 1350 and 1425, (the best stock in Maine) will stand for the service of Mares at the stable of J. & G. G. HATHAWAY.

Terms, $20 to warrant, $15 for the season. Payable in advance.

J. & G. G. HATHAWAY.
may 18

ICE,

From the Merrill and Bruce Ponds.

FAMILIES, HOTELS, SALOONS & MARKETS, furnished by the

MONTH, SEASON AND YEAR,

on reasonable terms.

J. & G. G. Hathaway.

april 9---tf

Paints, Oils,

Drugs, Medicines,

Window Glass & Dye Stuffs.

Crafts & Williams,

NOS. 5 and 6 COMMERCIAL WHARF,

may 14---tas6m *BOSTON.*

Norton & Doble

HAVE PURCHASED THE STAND OF CHAS. NOYES, Oldtown, and will carry on

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING

In all its branches at lowest rates. Also Blacksmithing and the manufacture of Edge Tools. Painting of all kinds done to order. nov17 tf

Geofray's Hair Renovater.

WILL RESTORE GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR,

Will Prevent the Hair from Falling Off!

Will Make the Hair Soft and Glossy!

Will not Soil the Whitest Linen, and is WARRANTED!

ITS SALE in the Bangor market has increased, in less than one year, from *One Gross* to more than *Three Thousand Bottles*, and its sale is as rapidly increasing throughout the Union. Buy a bottle, and prove for yourself the fact that it is the BEST ARTICLE ever manufactured, and then recommend it to your friends.

☞ REMEMBER, that it is put up in pint bottles, and is WARRANTED.

W. L. A. Cook & Co., E. F. Bradbury, N. S. Harlow, Wm. Nevens & Son, and J. S. Ingraham, Agents for Bangor, and sold by Druggists every where.

D. L. GEOFRAY.

☞ For Sale at WILLIAMS' TONSORIAL COLLEGE, Wheelwright & Clark's Block.

Rockland, Oct. 21, 1865. daw

Molasses!

JUST RECEIVED---100 HHDS. and TIERCES, Choice Muscovado and Clayed

MOLASSES.

ALSO---

Sugars, Teas, Pork, Lard, Fish, Salt, &c.

For sale only by SAMPSON, DAVER & WEED'S,
apr 30 Nos. 16 & 17 Broad St., Boston.

Cement.

New fresh Newark Cement,

LANDING FROM SCHOONER

FOR SALE BY

H. HAYFORD & SON.

may 7

HAYFORD and SODER'S Locals. Hours at Home, for July, received by

CHAS. HIGBY.

BANGOR HOUSE;

Main Street, Bangor, Maine,

O. M. SHAW, - - - - - Proprietor.

☞ The above House is one of the largest and best arranged Hotels in the State. Its location is unsurpassed, being in a central position, easy of access, and nearest to the Steamboat and Railroad Stations. Stages leave the above House, daily, for all parts of the country.

Oct. 13.

FIRE-WORKS!

The Largest Stock!
The Best Quality!
The Lowest Prices

DISPLAYS

FOR CITIES AND TOWNS FURNISHED from $10 to $5000, at short notice.

SEND FOR PRICE LIST,

and compare with other and *higher* lists.

Cutter, Austin & Co.,

32 & 36 Federal, & 107, 111 & 113 Congress Streets, Boston.

Only Wholesale Depot for the celebrated

I. XL. WORKS,

AND ORIGINAL SHORT STICK ROCKET.

All others are imitations.

june8---d6y 4

CHOICE TEAS!

Rio & Java Coffee,

Sugar of all kinds,

Clear & Mess Pork,

Corn, Meal & Flour,

Syrup and Molasses,

Soaps,

Spices of all kinds,

And a General Assortment

---OF---

GROCERIES

---AT---

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Chas. G. Wilson & Co.,

May 24 117 EXCHANGE ST.

THE LARGEST STOCK

---OF---

ENGLISH & AMERICAN

TABLE CUTLERY,

IN BANGOR,

FOR SALE LOW BY

Fogg & Bridges.

may 15

STODDARD'S

CHOLERA SPECIFIC,

A SURE PREVENTIVE AND CURE FOR

Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Dysentry, Summer Complaints, Pain in the Stomach and Bowels, &c.

Its action is IMMEDIATE and EFFICACIOUS. Its virtues have been tested by thousands since the Cholera season of 1854. Physicians use and RECOMMEND it. All admit it to be the BEST COMPOUND KNOWN for the complaints for which it is designed.

STODDARD & BURTON, Proprietors, Troy, N. Y. For sale by all Druggists and dealers in Medicines.

F. WEBSTER & CO., Nashua, N. H.
may 14---3m&w Travelling Agents.

Cholera!

THE PEOPLE are preparing to resist Cholera (and its forerunners, Cholera Morbus, Cramps, Dysentery &c.,) by keeping at hand, ready for use,

"Pavies Oriental Cholera Remedy,"

The best known remedy, endorsed by the first Physicians and Medical Associations.

Positively not made from any American Rectified.

B. F. BRADBURY, and MANN & CURTIS, wholesale and retail Agents. may 18---3m*

10 Gallons

PORTER LARD OIL,

OLIVE, ELAINE AND

LUBRICATING OILS,

Now in store and for sale at

121 EXCHANGE ST.

by

Blood & Rowe.

June 1

DIRIGO!

The well known Gelding DIRIGO will stand for a limited number of Mares at BANGOR, at HATHAWAY'S STABLE.

Terms, $75 to warrant. $50 for the season. For further information, apply at the office of J. & G. G. HATHAWAY, Pickering Square.

LIME.

HALL'S LIME received fresh every week. For sale wholesale and retail by

JOHN S. KIMBALL & SON

may 1

Yellow Sheathing Metal

AND

COTTON DUCK.

BRIDGEWATER Yellow Sheathing Metal, and Sawyer Cotton Duck, superior articles, for sale by the manufacturers' agents. Constantly on hand for sale by

S. H. DALE & CO.

april 1---3m

Malden Dye House,

---OFFICE---

Corner Court and Hanover Streets, Boston,

Established A. D. 1837.

DYEING SHAWLS, &c., dyed in the Wool.

All Goods of all kinds received, Scoured, Dyed, Pressed and Finished, and returned in the best manner.

Ribbons dyed or Cleansed.

This is the oldest and best Establishment of the kind in New England, and is celebrated for the quality of its work.

Goods received and returned by

W. F. E. WALKER & CO.,
Agents for Malden House.

Fine and Coarse Sponges!

CALL AT THE BANGOR BOTANIC DRUG STORE for the choicest SPONGES of all kinds.

may 8 No. 1 Granite Block.

Bangor Lumber Market.

PRICE CURRENT.

BOARDS.	
No. 2 Dry Pine,	$60
No. 3 do	50
No. 4 do	40
No. 2 Green,	50
No. 3 do	40
No. 4 do	30
Dry Gang Pine Planers,	40 to 45
Green, do	35
Dry pine Shippers	22
Green, do	20
Green pine peeor 4s	10
Green pine Scoots	6
Dry Pine 4s do	13
Spruce dimen'ns random sizes,	16
Spruce frames cut to order,	18 to 22
Spruce boards 1¼ inch, green,	16
Spruce boards dry	18
Green Hemlock Boards,	11
Green Hemlock dimensions,	12 to 15
Dry Hemlock Boards,	13
Dry Narrow Pine Boards,	17
Spruce Scoots,	5
CLAPBOARDS.	
Extra Heart,	$55
Clear do	50
Extra Sap	45
Clear do	42
No. 1 do	22 to 25
Extra Spruce,	30
Pine Blind Slats 4 ft. 8 in. long, 2¼ in. wide, ⅜ in. thick,	
Pine Blind Slats 4 ft. long, 2¾ in. wide, ⅜ in. thick,	
Pine Blind Stiles 4 to 6 ft. long, 1¼ in square	
Door 6 to 7 ft. from 1¼ to 1⅝ in. thick,	
Pine Door Panels 4 ft. long; 10 to 13 in wide, ¾ in. thick,	
Pine Rails from 2 ft. 8 in. to 3 ft. long, 5, 7½ and 10½ in. wide, 1½ to 1⅝ in. thick,	
Pine bed slat ends 4 ft. 9 in. long, 2¼ in wide 1 in thick,	
Spruce bed slats 5 ft. 9 in. long, 2¾ in wide, ¾ in thick,	
Spruce bbl. staves 2 ft. 6 in long, 3 in. wide, ⅝ in thick,	
Spruce bbl. staves 2 ft. long, 3 in. wide, ⅝ in thick,	
Spruce bbl. sugar staves 34 in. long, 3½ and 4½ in. wide, ⅝ in thick,	
SAWED.	
Clear Spruce 3 & 4 ft. long, 1¼ in. square,	$10 00
" " 4 ft. 2 in. long	12 00
" " 4 ft. 6 in. long	15 00
" " 5 ft.	18 00
" " 6 ft.	22 00
" " 8 ft.	30 00
" " 10 ft.	37 00
" " 12 ft.	42 00
Clear Spruce,	2
No. 1 do	2
LATHS.	
Spruce,	$2.50
Pine,	3.00
PICKETS.	
6 feet Spruce,	$20
5 feet clear do	18
5 feet No. 1 do	14
4 feet clear do	14
4 feet No. 1 do	10
4 feet clear pine	20
4 feet dd 2 in.	15
4 feet No. 1	10
4 feet dd 2 in	8
SHINGLES.	
Best Shaved Cedar	$5.75
No. 2 do	5.25
No. 3 do	5.25
No. 4 do	4.50
Best shd Pine	7.50
No. 2 do	7.00
No. 3 do	6.00
No. 4 do	5.50
Extra Sawed Pine,	5.50
No. 1 do	5.50 to 4.00
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Best No. 1 do	3.50
No. 1 do	3.25
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A GREAT VARIETY of the very best brands of Smoking Tobacco and Cigars. I keep also the best Chewing Tobacco that can be obtained.—Those who really want to use the *best*, should call at HARLOW'S,
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SAL SODA, &c.,

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Wash Your Sheep!

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July.

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E. F. DUNN.

Whig & Courier.

Daily Established 1834. - - Weekly 1845.

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TELEGRAPHIC.

Despatches to the Evening Times.

NEW ORLEANS, June 29.

At the Texas State election, Galveston, Houston, Austin, and Hamstead voted largely in favor of Throckmorton for Governor. The Union conservative ticket was elected by an immense majority. The local elections are all the same. It is believed that the majority will be six to one. Negro suffrage killed the opposition party. A very large vote was polled throughout the State.

NEW YORK, June 30.

Special Washington despatches say—The total receipts from all sources for the fiscal year ending to-day are estimated at $550,000,000.

Senator Wilson will, it is thought, so amend the army bill as to meet the approval of the House.

There is no hope for the bankrupt bill this session.

Gen. Hooker's health is so bad he will receive leave of absence.

Gen. Pope will take command of the Department of the East. Gen. Hancock will succeed Pope in the West and Gen. Slocum will go to Baltimore.

Seventy-five clerks in the pension office have been removed to make place for disabled soldiers.

The indications are that the Conference Committee will fix the tax on cotton at 3c per pound.

At least 15,000 rations are required for destitute whites and blacks in Alabama during July.

A bad state of affairs is represented as existing in North Carolina.

The Freedmen's Bureau Commissioners are constantly asking protection from Gen. Robinson, who replies that he has not military force under his command to comply with the requests.

James W. Duncan of Andersonville notoriety, has been sentenced to 15 years imprisonment for murder, in violation of the laws of war.

WASHINGTON, June 30.

Despatches from Admiral Jordan confirm the previously received accounts of a battle between the Paraguayans and the allies in April.

THE MAD STONE. A Richmond, Va., correspondent of the N. Y. Times tells the following story, which our readers can believe or not as they please:

Everybody has heard of the famous Mad Stones, not more than a score of which were known to be in existence. In Virginia the substance is known as the Ponto Stone, from the fact that Doctor Ponto (long since dead) a resident of the region where the late discovery was made, was the first to use it, and from him all the known specimens have come. The instances where the Ponto Stone has cured and prevented hydrophobia are very numerous, but it was never tried for any other poison. This much of promise, and I come to my history, first saying that the parties not yet knowing exactly how to proceed, I do not feel at liberty to give names in full, and therefore use initial letters.

About six weeks ago, a Mr. G., a resident of Halifax, came to Dr. M. and said he had found something that looked like the Ponto Stone, and producing a dozen pieces, wished the doctor to experiment with them. The doctor was skeptical but to accommodate his friend, undertook to comply with his desire. For some time no opportunity for experiment was presented—mad dogs fortunately not being very plentiful at any time or in any place, and very scarce indeed in Virginia so early in the summer. At last, about ten days ago, a negro on the doctor's place loading corn shucks, gathered up in one arm full a huge copperhead snake, which bit him on the arm just above the wrist. The negro yelled, of course, but stopping only to tie his suspender tightly around his arm above the elbow, started on the run for the doctor. The distance was not great, but by the time he arrived the arm was greatly swollen, thus distinctly showing the poison to be very virulent. Dr. M. resolved on trying the stone, and applied it, following the directions in the use of the Ponto Stone. In the present instance the stone clung to the negro's arm with wonderful tenacity, for a few minutes and then fell off, the swelling meantime sensibly decreasing. It was then put in lake warm water, and the poison was distinctly seen to exude from it. Being taken out of the water and thoroughly dried it was again applied, and again adhered, but not so long as before, nor with the same terrible grip, but when it came off all the poison in the negro's veins came with it, or at least the man went back to work at once, and within an hour of the time he was bitten, and has shown no signs of the virus since.

It was thus satisfactorily established to Dr. M. that the stone would extract the poison of a snake, and it instantly occurred to him that if it was an antidote of one kind of poison it was for another, and he pursued his experiments further. He next applied the stone to venereal poison, and with precisely the same effect. The case was one in primary stage, and of very virulent character, and in three days a positive cure had been perfected. Having thus discovered the great value of the stone, Dr. M. attempted next to trace the discovery of the new store of it, but with only partial success. I would state only that he had found some of the but could not be induced to say when, where, how, or how much, further than he might supply a hundred pounds or so.

From a negro, however, it was extracted that it had come upon the substance while digging a mill-race; that he had scrutinized it closely, taking a specimen, and instantly abandoned the mill race by that route, and restored the stream, where the discovery was made to its original state. This much and no more would the negro tell, and the secret is buried with the two and likely so to remain. Dr. M., however, and his brother, J. A. M., on this slight information, ventured a large sum on the interest in the stone, with a view of having it introduced into the practice of medicine.

I have spoken of this thing as a stone, but it is nothing of the sort, being evidently a vegetable and not a mineral substance. It is found in small pieces, and is of three colors—a jet black, and two shades of dingy white. I have two pieces now before me—one murky white, an inch and a half long, half an inch wide, and an eighth of an inch in thickness; the other jet black and of the same dimensions, except being a little wider.

From the Lath Times.

Maine Congregational Conference.

WEDNESDAY---EVENING.

Remarks by Rev. F. Southworth of Portland, presenting the claims of the Maine Seamen's Friend Society. The American Bible Society was presented by Rev. E. W. Jackson of Gorham. The American Missionary Association, by Rev. F. Davis. Resolutions were introduced by Rev. Dr. Adams of Brunswick, commending this organization to the notice of the church. The American Board of Foreign Missions was presented by Rev. Wm. Warren, District Secretary. The American Foreign Christian Union, presented by Rev. Dr. Eddy of New York. The American Tract Society, Boston, by Rev. John Wood. American Tract Society New York, by Rev. L. B. Rockwood.

THURSDAY---THIRD DAY.

Sabbath School Reports were presented by Rev. Messrs. Southworth and Sampson.

The next hour was devoted to the greeting of delegates from foreign bodies.

A resolve offered by Rev. A. McKenzie of Augusta, which was passed, read as follows:—

Resolved, That this Conference earnestly commend the Board of Publication to the pastors and people of the Congregational denomination.

Rev. Dr. Adams made a brief communication of much interest concerning Mrs. Harriet Newell, the deceased wife of the first Congregational Missionary from Maine.

The fortieth annual report of "The State of Religion in Maine" was made by Rev. Mr. Mason of Thomaston, who read statistics concerning the subject.

The subject of religion was opened to the Conference for discussion, and the Moderator called upon the Rev. Mr. Beard of Bath, who gave many interesting statistics regarding infant baptism and church membership. Other remarks were made by Rev. Messrs. Eddy of New York, Pond, Thurston, Plummer, Ives, Morse of Wisconsin, Walker, Adams, and Clark of New Hampshire.

A resolution offered by Dr. Pond, and accepted, read as follows:—

Resolved, That the Board of Publication be instructed to publish some book, or tract, for distribution, concerning infant baptism.

Afternoon.

The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper was administered, all members of evangelical churches being cordially invited to participate. Deacons Adams of Castine, Duren of Bangor, Larabee of Portland, and Baker of Sparsmont, officiated.

Able and impressive remarks were made by Rev. Mr. Clarke of Massachusetts, followed with prayer by Rev. Dr. Walker of Vermont. Remarks by Rev. Mr. Hayes of Mass. Prayer, by Rev. Mr. Chapin of Camden.

Rev. Mr. Cutter of Rockland, offered resolutions, which were unanimously passed, thanking the various steamboat and railroad companies and the citizens of Bath.

Farewell remarks by Rev. Wooster Parker of Belfast.

Thanks are due to the able and indefatigable Secretary of the Conference, Deacon Elnathan F. Duren of Bangor, for favors conferred so cordially.

From the Lewiston Journal.

Universalist State Convention.

THIRD DAY.

The interest in the different meetings of this body was fully sustained to the close, yesterday evening.

Rev. Mr. Jackson, Agent for the Bible Society, was invited to address the Convention, which he did in a short and telling speech, in which the claims of the Society upon all Christian people, without regard to sect, were presented.

The following delegates were elected to attend the General Convention in Galesburg, Ill., to be held in September next, viz:—A. Battles, G. Bailey, J. C. Snow and I. M. Atwood, Clerical; and Hon. A. D. Manson of Bangor, Alfred Woodman, Esq., of Portland, Hon. A. C. Dennison of Mechanic Falls, Hon. Sydney Perham of Paris, Hon. N. G. Hichborn of Stockton, J. A. Homan, Esq., of Augusta, Hon. Ezra F. Beal of Norway, and Hon. L. I. Wadsworth, Jr., of Pembroke.

The Committee on Resolutions presented a series of four resolutions, which we append below. All but the second were adopted by unanimous votes. Upon this a lively discussion arose. It was eloquently advocated by Rev. Messrs. Battles, Bolles, Emerson of Boston, and others, and opposed by Rev. Mr. Walcott of Rumford. The yeas and nays were ordered, and resulted in its adoption with but two nays, those of Gen. Clark of Turner, and Rev. Mr. Walcott.

A very cordial vote of thanks was passed for the use of the High Street Congregational Church, which and been so generously tendered; also to the friends in Auburn and Lewiston, for their hospitality to the great numbers in attendance.

The Convention adjourned to meet next year in Stockton.

At 10 1-2 o'clock the Congregational Church was densely filled to listen to Rev. E. G. Brooks of New York, formerly of Bath, in this State. Mr. B. appeared as a delegate of the Trustees of the General Convention, to urge the co-operation of the Universalists of Maine in the proposed raising the present year of one hundred thousand dollars for missionary and educational purposes. Several individual responses were made to the appeal. Ten thousand dollars is the amount, which it is hoped will be raised in this State.

We append the resolutions:—

1st, *Resolved*, That in view of the increase of intemperance in our community, within the few years last past, carrying in its wake a fearful train of social, national and moral evils, we hail with grateful joy the new awakened interest in the Temperance Reform, which appears in various parts of our State, and we once more renew our declarations of earnest sympathy with the movement, and urge upon the people a need of pledging themselves upon the principles of total abstinence from all intoxicating drinks, and to lend their influence in suppressing both by moral means and the stern arm of the law, the tippling shops and drinking saloons of our State.

2d, *Resolved*, That when we recall the events of the last five years in our land, the armed rebellion that has threatened and jeopardized the life of the nation, carrying 250,000 of our best-loved citizens to their graves, and filling our homes with weeping and lamentation, we deem any attempt at hardening the Crime of treason, surrendering the political power of our Government into the hands of those who have sought its destruction, or any compromise of the fundamental principles of political freedom as expressed in the Declaration of Independence, by denying to any class of loyal citizens the inalienable rights of man, as unworthy the name of Christian patriotism, by which we have been characterized in the days of trouble, and as unworthy the name of human beings, and as a violation of the obligation of the Golden Rule, to refuse to the freedmen the right to establish schools for the education of their children, or to exhibit that sympathy for the poor and oppressed at home, and in the spirit of noble, patriotism, went forth to the defence of their country, are entitled to and do have our heartiest gratitude for their heroic acts and deeds of self-sacrifice. We owe them a debt we can never pay. We feel, also, that those whose bodies are glorified by the scars of their honorable warfare, and those who have thus been disabled for life, as well as the wives and children of those who have laid their lives as a sacrifice upon their country's altar, should receive the deepest sympathy, and we call upon the towns, cities and counties of our State, in which they reside, to take such under their guardian care, and show to them and the world that Republics are not ungrateful.

Iron-Clads at Sea---Passage of the Misantonomoh.

WASHINGTON, June 29.

The Navy Department has received despatches from Captain Fox, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, dated at Queenstown on the 19th inst., announcing the arrival there on that day of the iron-clad Miantonomoh and her consorts, the Augusta and the Ashuelot, after a run of ten days and eighteen hours from St. Johns. The journal shows that the trip was a pleasant one, without either accident or incident of special interest, though the vessels experienced some wind on the second and third days out. The iron-clad was not in the least disturbed by the wind or the heavy seas, though the other vessels rolled from ten to twenty-five degeees. In one of his letters Captain Fox discusses the sea-going fighting capacity of the iron-clads, and as his remarks and conclusions are of general interest an extract is subjoined:

Can the monitor style of iron-clads, invented by Captain Ericsson be so constructed as to make them efficient fighting sea-going cruisers? The facts with regard to the behavior of this vessel in a moderate gale of wind and heavy sea, when a frigate would find it impossible to use her battery, lie as follows: With head to the sea she takes over about four feet of solid water, which is broken as it sweeps along the deck, and after reaching the turret is too much spent to prevent firing the fifteen-inch guns directly ahead; with broadside to the sea, either at rest or while moving, her ide guns can always be worked without difficulty, the water which passes across the deck from windward being divided by the turrets, and her extreme roll so moderate as not to press her lee guns near the water; lying in the same position, her fifteen-inch guns can be fired directly astern without interference from water, and when stern to the sea, the water which comes on board is broken up in the same manner as when going head to it. In the trough of the sea her ports will be liable to flooding, if required to use her guns to windward. This, then, would be the position selected by an antagonist, which designed to fight a monitor in a sea-way. The turret guns of a monitor occupy a central position, where, notwithstanding the lowness of the vessel's hull, they are more easily and safely handled in a sea-way, than guns of the same height above the water, in a broadside vessel. The axis of the bore of the guns of this vessel are six and a half feet above the water, and the extreme arch, when lying broadside to a heavy sea in a moderate gale, was seven degrees to windward and four degrees to leeward---average, five and a half degrees, while the average roll at the same time of the Augusta, a remarkably steady ship, was eighteen degrees and of the Ashuelot, twenty-five degrees, both vessels being steadied by sail. A vessel which attacks a monitor in a sea-way must approach very close to have any chance of hitting such a low hull, and even then, the monitor is half the time covered by three or four feet of water, protecting her and disturbing her opponent's fire.

From these facts, not unknown to monitor men, and the experience we derived from the use of such vessels during the war, we may safely conclude that the monitor type of iron-clads is superior to the broadside, and not only for fighting purposes at sea, but also for cruising. A properly constructed monitor, possessing all the requirements of a cruiser, ought to be constructed of iron and have but one turret, armed with not less than twenty-inch guns, two independent propellers and the usual proportion of sail.

Captain Fox write a private letter to a friend in the department, in which he says that officers and men concur in the opinion that the monitor is one of the pleasantest of vessels to cross the ocean in. He speaks of her action as in every respect admirable.—Sp. to Boston Advertiser.

THE JOPPA COLONY AND ITS FOUNDER.—The following description of the inception and present condition of the Joppa Colony scheme together with its founders, we take from a correspondence in the Portland Press. The correspondent has met Mr Adams, the projector of the colony, and his wife on board the steamer City of Richmond. After describing how they first came to Jopesport shabbily dressed, and in exceedingly straitened circumstances, the account goes on as follows:

As before stated, they came to Jonesport about three years ago and commenced their work of making proselytes to their peculiar faith, and great success has crowned their labors, covered their bodies with good garments and filled their pockets with money. They have taken the tide at its flood, and their followers number over one hundred taken from the best families of Jonesport and Indian River. These converts have the most implicit confidence in this man.

Adams and McKenney, the first and most influential convert, have been to Palestine and have purchased about ten acres of land near Joppa, about thirty miles from Jerusalem, which is run into houselots and sold to these converts and expect to sail in a few weeks to that far off land, and settle there with the expectation of witnessing the restoration of the Jews and a great and wonderful change in all human affairs. Adams says the greatest battle ever fought on this earth is to be fought in the valley of Jehoshaphat. A world will be in arms, but those who settle at Joppa, the land of olives, figs pomegranates, will have peace there. Adams proves all this from the scriptures to the entire satisfaction of his disciples. He has

Whig & Courier.

WHEELER & LYNDE, PROPRIETORS.

WM. H. WHEELER, EDITOR.

Business letters should be addressed to the Publishers. "WHEELER & LYNDE"

MONDAY, JULY 2, 1866.

UNION NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR.

Gen. J. L. CHAMBERLAIN

For Representatives to Congress.

1st Dist.—JOHN LYNCH, of Portland.
2d Dist.—SIDNEY PERHAM, of Paris.
3d Dist.—JAMES G. BLAINE, of Augusta.
4th Dist.—JOHN A. PETERS, of Bangor.

What General Chamberlain Says.

All must unite in demanding security for the future. We must have guarantees good and sufficient against any future attempt to destroy this Government whether in the exercise of a pretended right by open war or BY MORE ARTFUL AND INSIDIOUS ASSAULTS against the principles on which this Nation was founded. Those new points we cannot yield without danger and dishonor; and WHEN THE SOUTHERN STATES SHALL HAVE COMPLIED WITH THOSE CONDITIONS IN GOOD FAITH, they will be in a condition to ask association and fellowship with the loyal communities of the country which they deserted with such violence and recruit UNTIL THAT TIME, in my judgment, it is wise to hold them in strict probation.

Remarking upon a recent article in the Advertiser, the Bangor Whig and Courier says:

"They [the conservative and copperhead papers] have no conception of any idea of humanity or *justice* towards the bondmen. *They* can see nothing but dollars and cents, cotton raising, and negro support, in the question of slavery or emancipation. They cannot rise to the elevation of a moral sentiment, or of a great truth in ethics when considering political situations. It is not what is *right*, with them—only what is expedient or profitable."

It appears, then, that the abolition of slavery is not sufficient "justice" toward the bondmen. The old argument was "abolish slavery, and the negroes will take care of themselves." Our friend of the Whig and Courier thinks they cannot do it, and that the Government, already on the verge of bankruptcy from the effect of an exhaustive war, and with an immense debt hanging over the people, should depress the white man by supporting the negro.—[Portland Advertiser.

The Whig has said no such thing, and thinks no such thing. We have every confidence that the colored man *can* take care of himself in a state of freedom, and we do not ask the government to "support him." What we do ask is that in common decency, the white race, which has so long held the negro in bondage and oppression, should give him a *fair chance* to obtain his own livelihood in freedom, and a moderate length of time in which to accustom himself to his new position before declaring him incapable of so doing. As his former masters—his "patriarchal" friends—took all the avails of his labor (with a paternal eye to his good, no doubt) he came into freedom much we as all come into life, with scarcely a shirt to his back; and in common with destitute whites at the South, *both rebels and Union men*, the government has benevolently extended a helping hand to him for a brief period,—longer or shorter as he has found a just or an unjust disposition towards him manifested in the various localities where freedom made him a *man*. And we can say this—that he has done more for himself, and been less of a burden to government since the war, *than the poor whites have*, and so far as that proves anything it proves he is better calculated for freedom than they are. What we complain of in the Advertiser is the disposition to deny him *time* for the development of his capacity before condemning the emancipation policy, and that it also denies the progress he *has* made.

As to "justice towards the bondman," we do not think it *is* enough simply to turn him loose upon the world, after centuries of oppression, without an effort to get him started in the road to independence, and without endeavoring to secure to him those civil rights which every white freeman enjoys, and without which no man of any race can achieve success. All this, however, the Advertiser's party, and many as one of the "conservatives" of the land, would deny to him. We think the disposition is inexpressibly cowardly and mean; and we believe the one who penned the paragraph above quoted thinks so himself in his inmost heart.

In reporting the trial of Sam Hambleton, for murder, the Montgomery Mail says:

"The Radicals will make a note. A poor negro is on trial for his life. He is poor, without a dollar. His old master comes up, employs able counsel, all for the love he bears towards his former slaves; this, too, in Alabama, where the 'Directory say negroes are butchered.'—[Portland Advertiser.

We are sincerely rejoiced to be *able* to make a note of such an instance, and hope the good example will have influence, and that these proper acts and dispositions will grow and multiply exceedingly. The above fact, however, does not disprove the reports that freedmen generally are badly treated in Alabama—nor does it prove that it would be safe to remit all the freedmen to their former masters' tender mercies, unprotected by the ballot or by the civil rights amendment. There were many good and kind masters under the slave system—but this did not make the system good.

The Trustees of the over-due second mortgage bonds of the Atlantic and St. Lawrence Railroad Company, have commenced legal proceedings for the possession of the road. The process issued by Chief Justice Appleton has been served and the hearing is set down for Tuesday next in Portland. The Argus says:

We regret that this step has been taken. No one questions the legal right to proceed thus, but the expediency of it is very questionable. If a suitable committee has been appointed at the bondholders' meeting to confer with the Grand Trunk authorities we have little doubt, that an amicable arrangement could have been made that would have been entirely satisfactory to the large majority of bondholders.

The editor of the Hancock Courier, who has been on fields more bloody than those of politics, thus refers to his old enemies:

"Anything more abject than the present position of the democratic party can hardly be imagined. Without principle or policy, it is idly drifting, waiting for a chance hoped for turn of fortune's wheel to lift it into power."

POLITICAL. The candidates for United States Senator from Pennsylvania, are Simon Cameron, formerly Secretary of War; the present Governor, Andrew G. Curtin; Thomas Williams and J. K. Morehead of Allegany, now in Congress; W. D. Kelley of Philadelphia; Judge Wilmot, and Jas. W. Forney.

The Senate, in executive session, has refused to confirm a single nomination of the President for internal revenue officers in Tennessee. The appointees were all the President's friends.

The Republican Union State Central Committee of Illinois have called their State Convention to meet at Springfield on the 8th of August, to nominate candidates for State Superintendent of Public Instruction. The call invites voters "who are in favor of keeping traitors out of the halls of Congress, and of asserting and maintaining the right of the people through their representatives in Congress to fix and determine the condition on which states lately in rebellion shall be permitted to participate in the government of the United States."

It is supposed that the Freedmen's Bureau bill, which had passed the Senate, will be vetoed by the President, if it passes the House. If no new bill becomes a law, the Bureau will end its existence next spring.

Hon. Joshua Hill, of Georgia, who is spending a few days in Washington, says he has no reason to believe that the adherents of the rebellion are now any better disposed towards the Union men of the South than at any time heretofore.

The Union majority in the new Legislature of Oregon will insure a successor of politics to United States Senator Nesmith, Democrat.

Hon. Charles Drake of St. Louis estimates that at the next Missouri election the total conservative vote will not exceed 40,000 while the radical vote will amount to 75,000.

At a recent gathering of the Democratic managers in Ohio, Vallandigham's proposition to stump the State was respectfully declined. They had had enough of that on a former occasion.

George H. Pendleton is announced as the Democratic candidate for Congress in the First District of Ohio.

The Leavenworth Bulletin places at the head of its editorial columns the following ticket: "For President in 1868—Ulysses S. Grant. For Vice President—A man we can trust."

WARNING UPON WARNING. One of the most admonitory signs of the times is the disposition of Southern judges to "ride rough shod" over the acts of Congress, when they interfere with "Southern rights" and privileges. What audacity of this kind may we not expect, when the States are fully restored, if any opening if left for it! The Washington Correspondent of the New York Tribune sends us another instance:

A MISSISSIPPI JUDGE ON THE TEST-OATH.

Judge Hill, who has recently opened the United States District Court at Oxford, Miss., has evidently a chivalric contempt for the laws of the land. There was a large assemblage of the bar of the State present, and immediately on the Court being opened the attention of his honor was drawn to the test-oath, and the fact that the whole bar were unable to take the oath, and that they were ready to discuss its Constitutionality and would be pleased to have the decision of the Court on the question before proceeding with the ordinary business. Judge Hill replied that it was quite unnecessary to present any argument on the question, that he had thoroughly examined it, and was satisfied that the oath was unconstitutional and ought not to be exacted from any member of the bar who had been admitted to practice in the Court. He should therefore recognize the right of every lawyer who had been admitted to practice in the Court to continue in his duties and rights.

The Richmond Whig comes out in a long editorial in opposition to emigration from the Northern States, and the introduction of Northern capital. It says: "Alabama with in one year of peace, begins with five thousand Northern cotton planters. It is frightful to think where she will end. There is not a single Southern State in which this process, this fatal process of New England colonization is not going on. We must stop it, and, from this hour, we must resolve to stop it, before it enwraps and crushes us in its anaconda folds. We do not mean that it must be stopped by a resort to violence or any unwarrantable means, but by refusing, as we have the right to do, to sell our lands or any part of them, or lease or tenant them out to radical enemies of the South."

Besides monetary troubles and a war, Prussia is also threatened by the cholera and the cattle plague. The latter has made its appearance at Fleury, near Verviers, in Belgium, near the Prussian frontier; and cases of cholera are reported in two or three cities. Should the cholera appear in an epidemic form in the crowded camps of the opposing armies, its ravages would be fearful.

The military commander in North Carolina reports that numerous applications have been made to him to have troops sent to various parts of the State, with which he has been obliged to deny compliance for the reason that his force is so small.

THE BREAST PLATE REVIVED. A letter from Italy to an English paper says that breast-plates are being revived as in the glorious times of the Knights of the Round Table and the Plantagenets. M. Muratori, the director of the Genoa Penitentiary has succeeded in devising a breast-plate for soldiers which scarcely weighs three English pounds. After repeated experiments, practised on it with heavy cavalry pistols at five paces, and lances, bayonets and swords, it has been discovered to be utterly impenetrable both to bullets and thrusts. The most striking peculiarity of the breast-plate, which can in no way impede the movements of a soldier, is that not the slightest atom of metallic matter enters into its composition.

—Four men, who have committed some crime, and were being chained by officers of the law near Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, recently took shelter from a heavy rain in a thicket during a thunder storm, when all were struck by lightning and instantly killed.

—A boy in Worcester, Mass., on July 1 found $4,500 in the street. The owner rewarded him to the extent of a dollar.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

CARD.

The Subscriber tenders his sincere thanks to the Fire Department, for their promptness in answering the call for their services Friday noon.
July 2 EBEN FRENCH.

T. E. Moseley & Co.,

Summer Street Boston, offer an entirely fresh assortment of Boots, Shoes, boudoir and library Slippers for Ladies' and Gentlemen's wear. July 2

FREDERIC C. JONES,

TEACHER OF THE PIANO FORTE.

Address P. O. Box 358, or care of Messrs. DURRIN & SON, Hammond Street.
june 25—sn6w

Female Compositor.

A Female Compositor who can set Manuscript and have a good proof, can have permanent employment at this office. June 25—sn2w

FOURTH OF JULY!

Strawberry Festival,

FOR THE ORPHAN ASYLUM,

AT CITY HALL,

Beginning at 11 o'clock, and continuing through the day and evening.

The collation will consist of cold meats, bread, cake, pies, fruit and confectionary, strawberries and cream, ice cream and lemonade.

A Choice Variety of Bouquets for sale.

ADMISSION 15 CENTS.

N. B. Persons having strawberries to give, or sell at market prices, are requested to send them to the Hall early Wednesday morning.

Those who can contribute articles for the tables, or flowers for the bouquets, are requested to do so without waiting to be specially called upon, and will please send them to the Hall at 8 o'clock, A. M.

JUNE 29th, 1866.

AUCTION! AUCTION!

MILLER & BROWN

HAVE DETERMINED TO CLOSE OUT THEIR ENTIRE STOCK OF

Dry and Fancy Goods,

Yankee Notions, &c., &c.,

TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER,

In Lots to suit Purchasers!

Sales Each Day and Evening,

Until the Stock is disposed of.

Go in and get a Bargain,

Miller & Brown,

NO. 2 HARLOW BLOCK,

Kenduskeag Bridge, Bangor, Me.
June 29—sn2w June 23

Piano Forte Tuning!

Read the following recommendation from CHICKERING & SONS, Boston, Mass.

To all whom it may Concern:

This is to certify that I have this day graduated my faithful scholar E. Q. NORTON, in the full course of Piano Forte Tuning; and now needing encouragement from his friends to advance him still further, I willingly graduate and recommend him to all holders and owners of Pianos, as fully understanding the art (of which it is) knowing he will be faithful to me, his teacher, as well as to himself. L. H. JOHNSON.

Boston, June 12, 1866 with Chickering & Sons.

All orders left at the store of CHARLES HALE, 24 Main Street, for Tuning, Regulating, Repairing or Toning, will be promptly attended to, and perfect satisfaction guaranteed in every case. (Residence, 79 Broadway.)

E. Q. Norton.

June 27, 1866. 1w

Pictures Cheap!

GREAT REDUCTION

FROM FORMER PRICES!

TIN-TYPES Colored and Finished in a superior manner, all for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER DOZEN!

PHOTOGRAPHS, of every style and variety, finished in Oil, Water Colors or India Ink.

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS,

PLAIN OR COLORED.

Ambrotypes, Melanotypes, Locket Pictures,

And in short I am prepared to do all kinds of work usually done in a first class room.

I employ the very best Artists to do work promptly and neatly, and have all the "facilities" that any Artist in Bangor has for copying or making Pictures from life, and I guarantee to do work as well, and at as low prices, as any one else.

A Good Assortment of Frames and Cases

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Thanking my friends especially, and the public generally, for their most liberal patronage, I hope by strict attention to my business, to merit a continuance of your favors.

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE!

NO. 2 SMITH'S BLOCK,

Same entrance as the Land Office, and directly opposite Wheelwright & Clark's large Clothing Establishment.

june 27—tf A. B. FARRAR.

Musical Entertainment!

350 Children in Concert!

THE LITTLE SINGERS

WILL GIVE THEIR

ANNUAL FLORAL CONCERT,

ON MONDAY EVE., JULY 2, at

NOROMBEGA HALL,

At which time they will sing a variety of pieces, concluding with the ceremony of

Crowning a Queen of Flowers.

Tickets 35 cents. For sale at the Book Stores and at the door. Reserved seats 50 cents.

The reserved seats will be numbered, and will be for sale at the Hall only, on Saturday, June 30th, from 2 to 5 P. M.; and on Monday, July 2d, from 8 o 12 A. M., and from 2 to 5 P. M., also during the evening.

A plan of the Hall, showing the location of the numbers, may be seen at the Hall during the hours of sealing.

Doors open at 6½, to commence at 7½ o'clock.

S. WILDER,

Bangor, June 26, 1866.—1w DIRECTOR. (Times)

Cholera! Cholera!

Prof. Beuve's Atmospheric Purifier.

This will be found extensively used as a Deodorizing Agent by the governments of Egypt, Turkey and France, during the late Cholera epidemic, and is the most perfect disinfectant extant. It effectually destroys all noxious gases and effluvia arising from decaying animal or vegetable matter, and for purifying Hospitals, Vaults, Privies, Cess-pools, &c., cannot be surpassed.

For sale by all Druggists. WEEKS & POTTER, 170 Washington street, Boston, General Agents.
may 11—sn2m.

TICKETS TO ALL POINTS WEST,

VIA

BOSTON OR NEW YORK,

Can at all the Principal Depots, at the *LOWEST RATES*, for sale by

P. M. Blake, Agent,
jan 1, '67—dAw No. 9, Central St., Bangor.

Summer Arrangement, 1866.

DAYLIGHT INSIDE LINE.

FOR PORTLAND AND BOSTON!

From Bangor via Portland, the P. S. and P. Boston and Maine and Eastern R. Road daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 o'clock A. M. From Boston daily (Sundays excepted), at 7 o'clk P. M.

THE Steamer LADY LANG, Capt. F. A. PRINCE, and the Steamer REGULATOR, Capt. J. A. BLANCHARD, will form the DAILY LINE as above leaving Bangor every *Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday* morning, at five o'clock, touching at all the usual landings on the River and Bay (except Searsport) arriving in Portland in season to take the Cars of the P. S. and P. Railroad Express Train.

From Boston Daily

Cars leave depot of the Boston and Maine R. Road, Haymarket Square, every *Monday, Wednesday and Friday*, at 7 o'clock P. M., making sure connection with the steamers of this line. Cars leave depot of the Eastern R. Road, Causeway street, Boston, every *Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday*, at 7 o'clock P. M., connecting as above.

Fare from Bangor, Hampden, Winterport and Buckesport to Boston, by Rail Road from Portland, $4.50. From Bangor, Hampden, Winterport and Buckesport, to Boston, by steamer from Portland, $4.00. From Bangor, Hampden, Winterport and Buckesport, to Portland, $3.00. MEALS EXTRA.

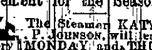
J. O. KENDRICK, Agent.

Bangor, May 17, 1866. (Times & Jeffersonian)

Sanford's Independent Line!

FOR BOSTON AND LOWELL.

Arrangement for the Season of 1866.



The Steamer KATAHDIN, Capt. P. JOHNSON, will leave Bangor for Boston every MONDAY and THURSDAY forenoon, at 11 o'clock, touching at all the usual landings on the River and Bay.

RETURNING

Leaves Foster's Wharf, Boston, every TUESDAY and FRIDAY, at 5½ o'clock, P. M., touching as above.

FARE—From Bangor, Hampden, Winterport and Bucksport to Boston, $4 00; to Lowell $5 00. Meals extra.

No extra hazardous freight taken. All freight must be accompanied by a bill of lading in duplicate. LOOMIS, TAYLOR, Agent

Bangor, April 5, 1866. dAw

Slowly, Steadily, Successfully,

SMOLANDER'S

EXTRACT BUCKU

IS CURING

Every case of KIDNEY DISEASE, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, URINARY DISORDERS and PAINS in the BACK, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, and TROUBLES arising from EXCESSES of ANY KIND.

TRY SMOLANDER'S.

Take No Other Bucku.

Sold in Bangor by W. L. ALDEN & CO., and N. S. HARLOW, and by Apothecaries generally. Price $1.

BURLEIGH & ROGERS, Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass., General Agents.

W. W. WHIPPLE, Portland, Agent for Maine.
may 7 an d4wly

An Effectual Worm Medicine.

BROWN'S VERMIFUGE COMFITS,

Or, WORM LOZENGES. Much sickness, undoubtedly, with children and infants, attributed to other causes, is occasioned by worms. The "VERMIFUGE COMFITS," although effectual in destroying worms, can do no possible injury to the most delicate child. This valuable combination has been successfully used by physicians, and found to be safe and sure in eradicating worms, so hurtful to children.

CHILDREN HAVING WORMS require immediate attention, as neglect of the trouble often causes prolonged sickness.

SYMPTOMS OF WORMS IN CHILDREN are often overlooked. Worms in the stomach and bowels cause irritation, which can be removed only by the use of a sure remedy. The combination of ingredients used in making *Brown's "Vermifuge Comfits"*, is such as to give the best possible effect with safety.

CURTIS & BROWN, Proprietors, New York.—Sold by all Dealers in Medicines, at 25 cts a box.
may 21—sn—d&wly

ITCH! ITCH! ITCH

SCRATCH! SCRATCH! SCRATCH!

Wheaton's Ointment

Will Cure the Itch in 48 Hours.

Also cures SALT RHEUM, ULCERS, CHILBLAINS, and all ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN.—Price 50 cents. For sale by all druggists.

By sending 60 cents to WEEKS & POTTER, Sole Agents, 170 Washington street, Boston, it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States. oct 28—an d&wly

Hardy's Porcelain Pictures!

After much study and experiment, I have succeeded in producing the

FINEST PORCELAIN PHOTOGRAPHS,

My improved process gives great brilliancy and softness to the impression, making it in every way far superior to other Photographic productions.

The public are respectfully invited to call and see specimens at Hardy's well-known Gallery, where all kinds of PHOTOGRAPHIC PICTURES are finely executed, whether copies or from the living sitter. FRANK W. HARDY.

June 9—sn

Preserve Your Health.

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT and HERB BITTERS,

Are a sure remedy for Liver Complaint, in all its forms, Humors of the Blood and Skin, Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Indigestion, Jaundice, Headache and Billious Diseases, General Debility, &c. They cleanse the system, regulate the bowels, restore the appetite, purify the blood, strengthen the body, and thoroughly prepare it to resist diseases of all kinds.

Sold by GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., 38 Hanover street, and by all dealers in Medicines. june6—snlm

Startling Announcement!

Save Your Hair and Preserve Your Beauty.

Why should you lose them when *Pecaes' Vegetable Hair Restorer* can be applied and save both?—If your hair is faded and gray it will restore it perfectly natural. It will prevent its falling off and promote a new growth. It cleanses the head, cures diseases of the scalp. It cures extreme cases of sick head-ache. It is the best coloring and dressing combined in the land. No dirt, no smell of sulphur, which is so offensive to yourself and friends. Ask for Peases', and take no other. Sole agency at the *Bangor Botanic Drug Store*. The trade supplied at lowest terms. June 20—sn 6m

An Invaluable Spring Medicine.

DR. J. W. POLAND'S

HUMOR DOCTOR.

This excellent medicinal remedy was first prepared by Dr. P. in 1847, and was then employed with great success in expelling humors from the blood; but in 1848, a medical friend, who was quite celebrated as a physician, especially in the treatment of humors, suggested some important improvements, which were adopted, and which have made it (as the people say,) the very best remedy for all kinds of humors, known as "the blouts." This preparation is composed wholly of vegetables, among which are Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Burdock, Noble Pine, Mandrake, Senna and Bloodroot. Suffice it to say, the "Doctor" is used in hundreds of families as a general medicine. Unlike many other popular remedies, this is very grateful to the taste.

Large size bottles 75 cents. Prepared at the NEW ENGLAND BOTANIC DEPOT, Boston. apr6—sn 3md

Colgate's Aromatic Vegetable Soap.

A superior *Toilet Soap*, prepared from refined *Vegetable Oils* in combination with *Glycerine*, and especially designed for the use of *Ladies* and for the *Nursery*. Its perfume is exquisite, and its washing properties unrivalled. For sale by all druggists.

THOMAS J. STEWART,

Shipping and Commission Merchant and Ship Broker,

Office, No. 1 Mercantile Square.

june8 '63

MUSICAL.

MR. JOHN HOYT,

Teacher of Piano, Harmony, and Cultivation of the Voice.

Orders left at Horton & Crommett's Music Store, or at the Bangor House, Portland, either of the above branches may be assured that they will be taught the latest and most approved method.

By permission—Mr. John W. Ellis, Prof. E. F. Baker, H. A. Gamm, Boston, Mass.
nov1

Dr. Samuel Bradbury

Has removed his office to his residence at the corner of

Upper Stillwater Road and Church Street, Oldtown, June 7th, 1866. sn

WAR CLAIMS,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Promptly collected on the most liberal terms,

By Perkins & Smith,

Office—2½ West End Kenduskeag Bridge, BANGOR, MAINE.

NATHAN L. PERKINS, | DANIEL SMITH, Jr.

NATHAN L. PERKINS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Office as above. may 31—sn

I OFFER MY HOUSE, NO. 27 FIFTH ST. for sale. It may be examined from 9 to 12 o'clock, A. M., and from 2 to 5 o'clock, P. M.

Bangor, May 28, 1866.—tf E. W. ELDER.

Pictures

AT REDUCED PRICES,

AND OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

Ferrotypes 25 cts per Dozen,

HIGHLY FINISHED.

PHOTOGRAPHS taken in the highest style of art, and finished in oil, water colors, or India ink.

PORCELAIN or ALBATYPE PICTURES executed with or without colors, and warranted satisfactory.

CARTE DE VISITE, all styles, and in a superior manner, colored to plain, to suite the taste of customers.

AMBROTYPES of all kinds and sizes as heretofore. Superior facilities for copying, and no pains spared to render all work in this department satisfactory at the old, popular, and well known MARSTON ROOMS, Bowman's Block, two doors from the Whig and Courier Office, where I shall be happy to receive all my own patrons who have known me in my former rooms, as also those who have so long known and patronized my present establishment.

The public generally are hereby thanked for former liberal patronage, and are cordially invited to examine my present position for serving them in all the departments of first class picture making, as above. My rooms have of late been enlarged, and now are the most spacious and convenient in the State.

Constantly on hand a large and full supply of Chemicals, Card Cases, and Stock generally for supplying Operators at the lowest prices.

M. G. TRASK,

No. 3 Bowman's Block

may 24—s tf Bangor, Me.

E. L. APPLETON,

Teacher of Music, and Instructor of VIOLIN, VIOLONCELLO, GUITAR, and all Stringed Instruments.

June 25—sn1m 7 Main St.—Room 9.

USEFUL AND IMPORTANT.

CATLIN & FREESE'S

Improved Fire and Water Proof

CEMENT!

The best article ever invented for mending Broken Glass, China, Crockery Ware, &c.

Wholesale and retail Agent B. F. BRADBURY.

And for sale by Dealers generally.
june 14—sn3taw—3m

All the worst forms of Rheumatism are being daily cured by CATLIN'S GREAT RHEUMATIC REMEDY. This wonderful Medicine never fails, and thousands who have suffered excruciating agony for years are instantly relieved and soon cured in a few hours. Sold by all druggists.
June 14—sn 1m

CLOTHING!

J. E. CHAPMAN has just received at No. 6 Strickland's Block another big stock of CUSTOM MADE CLOTHING, Hats and Caps, Rubber Clothing, Trunks, Valises, Bags, &c., &c., which he is selling very cheap. Call and see. m25—sntf

Dr. Blaisdell's Office,

2½ HARLOW'S BLOCK,

RESIDENCE—69 ESSEX STREET.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 2 TO 5 P. M. mch 2 sn

DR. BICKNELL'S SYRUP!

The Great Cholera Remedy.

Also, *Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Cholera Morbus, Summer Complaints, Pain or Cramp in Stomach or Bowels, Sick or Sour Stomach, Painters's Colic, &c.*, and is warranted to do so or no pay. It is purely vegetable without a particle of *opiate* or narcotic. Highly aromatic, very pleasant to the taste, mild, but sure in its effects, warms and strengthens the system, acts like a charm, affording almost immediate relief, and a trial of the article will satisfy the most improbulous of these facts. Sold by all dealers in medicine. Please send for circular. Try it. Prepared only by EDWARD SUTTON, Providence, R. I. DEMAS BARNES & CO., of New York, General Agents. For sale by B. F. BRADBURY Bangor. may 31—sn6md

MARRIED

In this city, June 30th, by Rev. W. H. Holt, Mr. Joseph F. Macdil, of Hartland, to Miss Angevesta L. Grout, of Bradford.

DIED

In this city, July 1st, Charles M. Linco, aged 20 years and 11 months.

In Hallowell, 27th ult., James, eldest son of A. S. Washburn, aged 11 years.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF BANGOR.

ARRIVED.

SATURDAY, June 30th.

Sch T. W. Pierce, Collins, Yarmouth.

Sch Canary, Wall, Portland.

CLEARED.

June 30th.—Br brig Troubador, Van Norden, Cienfuegos, (Cuba); by P. McConville; brigs Dodge, New York; F. A. Heath, Williams, Providence; echs Union, Ames, Baltimore; Wm M. Chapman, New York; Diadem, Blanchard, Gloucester; Ann Tana; Lond, do; Hudson, Davis, New London; Judge Tenny, Deane, New Haven; Campbell, Scott, do; Challenge, Turner, Providence; Wm Burnham, Smart, Stonington; Saxon, Hatch, do; Catherine French, Newport; Bells, Gray, Boston; Orion, Frost, do; Eclipse, Pendleton, do; Rock Hill, Booker, do; Columbia, Crosby, Gloucester; Helen Mar, Ingerson, do; Yankee, Saunders, Lynn; Ecotomy, Hastings, Milton.

Memorandum Book Lost!

A BLACK MEMORANDUM BOOK was lost between Orono and Bangor on Sunday. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving it at the same at the Whig office. JOSEPH S. SMITH.
July 2—1w

ANOTHER LOT

OF THOSE

MUSLINS,

JUST RECEIVED AT

I. W. COOMBS'

July 2—1w

Bertschy's Best.

100 Bbls. Bertschy's Best

FLOUR,

Now landing and for sale low by

Howard & Bradley.

July 2—1w

FARMERS,

HAVE YOU USED

Holt's Celebrated Scythes

IF NOT, obtain and try one before purchasing your stock, as they are acknowledged to be the

Best Gutters in the Market.

For sale wholesale and retail by

D. M. DUNHAM & CO.,

29 West Market Square, Bangor, Me.

July 2—1wd&w

RUSSEL'S

UNION MOWER.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

RUSSEL'S SUPERIOR MOWER.

It is pronounced by all who have witnessed its operation to be the most compact, most durable, and the cheapest MOWER ever manufactured, combining as it does, all the grand principles which constitutes a PERFECT CUTTING MOWER. Its weight is balanced in the most approved manner, and is the lightest draft of any in use. Being 25 lbs. lighter than any other machine.

For Circulars, Price List and Testimonials, address the Subscriber.

☞ I have a UNION MOWER for sale, which will need but 2d hand service.

Eben French,

July 2 Agent.

FANS! FANS.!

A NEW STOCK

JUST RECEIVED AT

WHITE'S.

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY

And all other Repairing done to order at DANIEL WHITE'S,

july 2 No. 2 Kenduskeag Bridge.

WILLIAM H. CLIFFORD,

SOLICITOR OF PATENTS,

NO. 105 MIDDLE STREET,

PORTLAND, ME.

Drawings and Models furnished if Required.

july 2—3taw3w

List of Letters,

REMAINING in the Bangor Post Office, June 30, 1866. Persons calling for these letters will please say "Advertised" and give the date of list.

LADIES' LIST.

B: Blethen, miss H A; Billings, mrs Laura A; Bak er, mrs Mary A. C: Crosby, miss Etta; Clement, miss Louisa; Cummings, miss Mary J. D: Donovan, mrs Ellen; Davis, miss Mary G. G: Grinnell, mrs Lucy H; Gallagher, mrs John; Graham, miss Ellen A. H: Hanson, mrs Angelina; Hathorn, mrs Kate; Hunt, mrs Nancy; Hick on, miss Catherine J. J: Jackman, miss Helen M. L: Lougoy, mrs Helen M; Lowelyn, miss Lottie A; Lynch, miss Ellen. M: McCarthy, miss Ellen S; O'Farrel, miss Lizzie. P: Piper, mrs Elizabeth L. R: Rogers, mrs H S; Rideout, miss Annie P. S: Stickney, mrs Mary; Spencer, mrs Rosetty; Sawyer, miss Annie H; Smith, miss Lizzie. T: Thomas, mrs Elsie L; Thomas miss Alice Lil; Icous; Thompson, miss Mary J. W: Wright, Bridget; Wellington, mrs Elizabeth; Waterhouse, mrs George; Webb, mrs Julius; Whitcomb, mrs J H; Wales, miss Mary P E.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

A: Arey, Capt Frank G; Atwater, Mr. B: Bridges, Willard; Buffum, Thomas J 2; Baker, M C; Barter, Isaiah; Barker, G T; Berry, George W; Bunker, Chas M; Buggals, Druggist C: Constantine, Michael; Carey, L E; Call, Lyman H; Cotton, James M; Curren, John; Clark, John B; Cook, Charlie W P. D: Duran, John; Davis, James M; Daley, John; Davis, G R; Davenport, F D 2; Daley, Dennis; Derbey, A M. E: Emerson, William H; Eastman, sergt Freeman H. F: Feeney, Martin 2; Field, John S; Ferguson, Capt James; Fiset, Joseph; Fickett, Aaron. G: Gould, Capt S H; Gray, J L; Gowin, Luther. H: Heath, J D; Hamlin, J H; Hutchinson, Maj Eben; Hazeltine, David R; Hubbard, Charles H; Huntington, Chas F 2; Haskell, Abner; Hersey, T W; Haley, Patrick; Herd, Orin R. L: Lougy, John B; Lindsay, D W. M: Meagher, Michael; McDonald, John; McPherson, Jewett; McLoughlin, John; McKenney, Jacob C; Marsh, Charles; Merrill, Albert F; Mahon, Thomas. N: Nichol, William; Niccolson, James R 2. O: O'Hara, John; O'Farrell, Rev J. P: Pearsons, T J; Page, Saml & Co; Palmer, Aaron S. R: Rand, Wm; Rankins, William; Rouly, Richard; Rawley, Richard; Rockwell, S O. S: Snow, Horace; Shaw, Henry W; Snow, Granvill; Stockman, F H; Sennett, Ed F; Seaber, E G; Sabec, G R; Steele, W A; Sybis, William H; Stewart, Wm; Stevens, S H; Sullivan, J M; Shute, Capt John W; Seabury, J; Snare, John W; Soube, Wm T: Thomas, Lyman N; Triggs, James W; Trodale, James; Taylor, A C. V: Vinson, S W; Varney, J E 2. W: Williams, John; Watson, Moses; Williams, George; Went, Q M.

JASON WEEKS, P. M.

House for Sale.

A FIRST CLASS DWELLING HOUSE, with extensive grounds and favorably located, for sale by J. B. FOSTER & CO.
June 30—1w.

Fire Engine for Sale.

A SECOND HAND "HUNNEMAN" TUB, seven inch cylinder, in perfect order, built expressly for an independent Company, and in all respects a splendid machine. Will be sold low, if applied for soon. For further particulars and price, apply to

GEO. J. WALL,
at steamer Katahdin.
June 25

4th of July!

PASTRY

FOR THE CELEBRATIONS,

OF GOOD QUALITY.

Can be found in any quantity at

S. Emery & Sons'

June 29—1w Steam Bakery, Pickering Square.

C. A. BAILEY,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

OLDTOWN, MAINE.

June 29—d1m w3m

Cold Soda Water!

AND THE FINEST SYRUPS,

DRAWN FROM THE

Arctic Soda Apparatus,

BY MANN & CURTIS,

No. 2 Exchange Block.

This establishment is not and cannot be beat in Bangor. Try it. june 29—1w (Times)

THE PLACE TO BUY

FANS, FANCY GOODS,

Trimmings and White Goods,

ALSO

Best Sewing Machine in the Market,

IS AT THE

Employment Store,

June 29 No 6 Union Block, Main St.

WANTED!

5,000 lbs. Strawberries.

25,000 lbs. Raspberries,

10,000 lbs. Blackberries,

In large or small lots—clean picked, for which CASH WILL BE PAID.

EMERY & INGALLS.

Bangor, June 29th, 1866.—6w.

NEW GOODS.

THIN HATS, GLOVES, HOSIERY, &C.,

Fine French Calf Boots and Shoes.

Ladies' Nice Serge Boots,

AT T. HERSEY & CO.'S,

June 29 20 Main Street.

FOR SALE.

A TWO STORY DWELLING HOUSE in Brewer, within eight minutes walk of Bangor Post Office. A good location for any one doing business in the city.

Inquire at FARRINGTON BROTHERS' Store, West side Penobscot Square, Brewer, near the Bridge. June 29—2awtf

FLOUR!

TIEDMAN'S,

PLANT'S,

BROWN BROTHERS,

And other Choice Brands of

FLOUR,

AT THE

MUTUAL STORE.

June 27—1md

Journeyman Hair Dresser

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—To work by the week, or on shares. For further particulars apply to ISRAEL MILLER,
Hair Dresser.
Oldtown, June 30, 1866.—1w*

AUCTION

By J. B. Foster & Co.

SALES ROOM

No. 44 West Market Square.

This Day, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

FLOUR.

40 Bbls. Choice Super. Flour. Pollissie.
48 " Empire.
24 " Elk.

TEA.

1 Chest Choice Japan Tea.

TOBACCO.

5 Boxes Navy Tobacco.
1 Box 10's Tobacco.

COFFEE.

5 Boxes Ground Coffee.

GARIBALDI RIFLES.

TWENTY GARIBALDI RIFLES.

CARPENTERS TOOLS.

A LOT OF CARPENTER'S TOOLS.

july 2

By R. S. PRESCOTT

No. 12 Central Street.

REAL ESTATE.

ON MONDAY, the 2d day of July next, at half past 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, the HOUSE and BUILDINGS on SPRING STREET, with the homestead of Wm. S. Townsend. The lot being 50 feet on Spring street, extending back 112 feet more or less; with the buildings thereon.

Will be sold without reserve to close an estate
June 28 (Times)

Celebration July Fourth.

AT SEARSPORT!

The Barge Fairy of the Wave

Will make an Excursion to Searsport July 4th, arrive in season for the Address by GEN. NICKERSON

Leaving there after dinner, arriving home season for the Fire Works in the evening.

The Barge will leave Katahdin's wharf at six o'clock, A. M., touching at all the landings on river.

Fare for the excursion, one dollar. june 29

ATTENTION SOLDIERS!!

IMPORTANT LAW!

Extra Pensions,

Additional Bounties

Perkins & Stevens,

LEGALLY AUTHORIZED

U. S. War Claim Agency,

Office - - - No. 1 Main St.

INV

TELEGRAPHIC
TO THE
Whig & Courier.

Later from Mexico.

The Liberal Cause Still in the Ascendant.

Evacuation of Bagdad by the Imperialists.

THE LIBERAL FORCES BESIEGE MATAMORAS.

News from Washington

Negro Testimony to be allowed in North Carolina.

The Steadman-Fullerton Investigation.

They Report Mississippi in a Terrible Condition.

WASHINGTON, July 1.

Mr. Romero, Mexican Minister, has received a letter from Memphis, dated June 10th, from which the following is an extract:

"The people of Huesutta and all other towns in the Huesatta district have risen again in favor of the Republic and President Juarez, as you will see by the enclosed slip taken from the Government organ in that city of the 26th ult., styled the Iris.

Seven hundred well armed Liberal troops now occupy Huesutta, while a force of 1000 is being organized at Victoria, now in our possession, to move against this place. The capture of Tampico is feasible, if our troops come with a force of seven or eight hundred men, as it is now garrisoned with impressed Mexicans who will not fight against their own friends and brothers.

I have just had an interview with a friend from Huesutta, who informs me that our forces have five pieces of artillery at Huesutta, two of which they captured from the enemy.

The Imperialists make no resistance and all their hopes for an empire are now blasted. Huesutta had sent 300 men against Monjoyes, an important city in this State, which will surrender without a struggle."

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has granted permission, free of tax or license, to hold a National Gift Concert on the 2d of August, in this city, for the benefit of the Soldiers' and Sailors' National Orphans' Home Fund.

The stationery contract for supplying the Department of State has again been awarded to Philips & Solomon of Washington.

GALVESTON, Texas, June 30.

A sloop has arrived from Brownsville bringing files of Matamoras and Brownsville papers to the 23d inst., being the first arrival since the battle of Camargo.

Bagdad had been evacuated by the Imperial forces, and the Liberals assured of the government.

Two companies of negroes fought on the side of the Liberals in the battle of Camargo.

A convoy has been captured with treasure valued at $1,500,000. The owners, who went from Matamoras with the Liberals for its redemption, were arrested by Escobedo and a ransom demanded for their release.

Reports concerning the speech train are very contradictory. The most authentic say it had returned to Monterey.

Caravial took command in front of Matamoras, demanding its surrender.

Mejia refused to surrender to Caravial, but sent for Escobedo to come and receive the city.

In the meantime Escobedo was marching to the assault.

Mejia then sent for Gen. Getty, who went over to confer with the Imperial General.—Mejia asked him if he surrendered the city to Caravial he (Getty) would protect the American citizens.

The latter answered,—"That's what I am here for."

The citizens were flying to the Texas side of the river. On the 22d the Custom House was kept open all night to facilitate their departure.

Escobedo is ordered to pass a captured train into Texas.

The Brownsville Courier thinks that some arrangements will be made to hand the city over to Caravajal.

The above details are all circumstantial and reliable.

WASHINGTON, June 30.

Gen. Ayer, late Assistant Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau in North Carolina, says the State Convention has rescinded the proviso to the act passed by the Legislature relative to the testimony of freedmen in the courts. As the law now stands, the penalties are the same for white and black, and the testimony of all persons of color are admitted in all cases in which they are personally interested. He states that there are fewer cases of violence towards the freedmen than formerly.

The total receipts of internal revenue for the year ending to-day were $306,000,000.

AUGUSTA, Ga., June 30.

The freedmen conferred with the Inferior Court to-day on the subject of education. The court proposed to establish schools with the same rules and regulations as those governing the white schools; the freedmen to send for Northern teachers. The Judges made kind and conciliatory statements, and the freedmen replied in the same spirit. The court adjourned to give time for further consultation on the subject.

The Savannah Herald says:

Certain new comers are planting on an extensive scale in this section, and paying the freedmen valueless jewelry and trinkets. The negro have gone North for a further supply to meet the next payment. The freedmen, discovering the swindle, are dissatisfied and threaten to leave, without fulfilling their contracts.

The railroad convention meets at Columbus on the 11th of July, for completing the Memphis & Savannah road.

Dr. J. Osborn was murdered by freedmen in Camden county, recently. The civil authorities arrested the murderers, but they were successfully rescued by a negro mob.

There was a terrible murder at Station No. 15 (Georgia), Saturday night. Two freedmen murdered Mrs. Holden and her two children and a negro girl—killing the former and leaving the latter without the hope of recovery. One of the murderers was arrested in Boston.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 28.

The frigate Lancaster sailed yesterday for Panama.

WASHINGTON, July 1, 1866.

The disbursements of the Treasury for the week just ended were—

War Department,	$8,804,000
Navy	1,791,000
Interior	18,141

The total amount expended for the fiscal year ending June 30 is $305,925,584.

$1,820,980 in national currency were issued last week, making the total amount issued thus far $382,555,440.

NEW YORK, July 1.

The joint committee of the City, State and Federal authorities, have agreed to take the lower part of the City Hall Park as the site for a new post office, the U. S. Government paying the city five hundred thousand dollars therefor.

No cases of cholera were reported to the Board of Health yesterday.

The excise commissioners have received $1,100,865 for license fees. The commissioners have been served with 280 injunctions.

NEW YORK, July 1.

There was a spirited rowing match yesterday at Hoboken, on the Hudson river, between the Mutual Club of Albany, and the Atlantic Club of New York. Six-oared outriggers were pulled over a course of three miles, and the race was won by the Atlanta Club, which made the three miles in 18 minutes 48 seconds.

Dennis Egan has been identified in Brooklyn, by the Sheriff of Schuylkill Co., Penn., as the murderer of Robert Gardner in 1865. Both Egan and his wife will be taken to Pennsylvania.

FORTRESS MONROE, June 30.

The naval fleet sailed this morning. Two weeks will be spent cruising at sea and then rendezvousing at Portland.

NEW YORK, July 1.

The Herald's correspondent with Generals Steadman and Fullerton, writing from Grenada, Miss., says that State is the worst one they have visited. A perfect reign of terror prevails at Grenada. Forrest's guerillas and ruffians are murdering bureau agents and outraging citizens. The most revolting cruelty is practiced upon the freedmen, and the only measure adopted to check these atrocities consists of offering rewards for the perpetrators.

BOSTON, July 1.

A destructive fire occurred in East Boston this afternoon. Besides the burning of half a dozen dwelling houses there was also destroyed Harvey T. Litchfield's brass foundry and W. H. Snow's boiler shop.

Litchfield's loss is about $100,000, insured $50,000. Mr. Snow's loss is $5,000 or $6,000.

NEW YORK, June 30.

The Commercial's special Washington despatch says—

President Johnson will not sign the bill changing the route of the Union Pacific Railroad.

NEW YORK, June 30.

The residence of Mr. Mellen, firm of Claflin & Mellen, was robbed of a large amount of valuable goods by burglars last night.

PHILADELPHIA, June 30.

The contest for the billiard championship of Pennsylvania, between E. J. Blunket and Robert T. Ryall, resulted in a victory for the former.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 28.

Ship Garland brings Hong Kong dates of May 11th.

The war ship Opossum had returned to Hong Kong after recapturing a salt junk, seized by the pirate.

An English vessel had seized two private junks, which were declared lawful prizes, and were sold for the benefit of the British Crown.

It is reported that Sir Henry Parkes has completed very important negotiations with Japan.

California flour quoted at Hong Kong at $3 per picale, wheat at $3 per picale, and no rice at $5 per picals.

It is reported Kaolin for manufacturing porcelain has been discovered near Viginia City, Nevada.

NEW YORK, June 30.

The Commercial says—

Everything is dull on Wall street, except gold speculation. Gold scarce and loans are made at 5-16 to 1 per day.

Governments active—5-20's declined.

Money in more demand and discounts are quiet.

Exchange nominal.

Transactions in railway stock are nominal except Erie.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, June 30.

Cotton firm—sales 1300 bales—Middling, 36a 36c.

Flour—State and western firm for sound and dull and dropping for unsound grades—sales 3,500 barrels—State 6,85@10,00; round hoop Ohio 9,60@18,75; Western 6,35@9,65; Southern—sales 380 bbls. at 10,10 a 17,00.—Canada 8,75 a 13,15.

Wheat nominally lower—sales 7500 bush—prime new No. 2 Milwaukee Club 2,65, outside price.

Corn 1 a 2 low—sales 92,000 bush—mixed western 85c@—; unsound, 83 a 85. Also 50,000 bushels shipping western, mixed for all next month, buyer's option, 85c.

Oats 1 lower—State 83c; Iowa 70c; new western, 52 a 57.

Beef steady—sales 600 bbls.—new plain mess, 16,00 @ 20,50; new extra do, 20,50 @24,50.

Pork firmer—sales 10,250 bbls—new mess 31,75 a 33,00, closing at 32,00; prime 26,25 a 26,50.

Lard heavy—sales 400 bbls. at 19 @ 22 per pound.

Butter heavy—sales Ohio at 20 a 33; State 40c.

Rice quiet.

Sugars quiet—sales 300 hhds. Muscovado, 10¾ @ 11¼c.

Coffee quiet.

Molasses dull—sales 100 hhds—Barbadoes 65 a 67; Muscovado 45 a 55.

Naval stores quiet.

Wool dull.

Freights to Liverpool firm—corn 4¾ a 5d.

ST. LOUIS, July 1.

Flour dull and declining—sales at 8,50 @ 9,25 for No. 1 single extra, and 10,50@13,75 for double extra.

Wheat heavy and low grades declined 10 a 15c.

Corn unchanged.

Oats unchanged.

Pork unchanged.

Lard firmer.

Mess Pork unchanged.

NEW ORLEANS, June 30.

Cotton irregular—sales to-day 1050 bales low middling at 32 a 34.

Thirty-ninth Congress.

FIRST SESSION.

WASHINGTON, June 30.

SENATE.

The amendments to the Freedmen's Bureau bill were insisted on and a conference committee agreed upon.

A resolution was adopted calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for a copy of the official oath taken by A. L. Moore, lately appointed Collector at Mobile. He was a rebel officer.

The bill granting lands to Kansas to aid the construction of the Pacific railroad was passed.

The Indian appropriation bill was taken up.

A resolution was adopted instructing the committee on public buildings and grounds to inquire into the propriety of purchasing a tract of land, not less than 100 acres, near the city for a public park and site for Presidential Mansion.

Mr. Wilson called up the Freedman's Bureau bill, and moved that the Senate insist on its amendments to the bill, and agree to the committee on conference called for by the House. It was so ordered.

On motion of Mr. Brown the Senate concurred in certain verbal amendments to the bill granting lands to aid in the construction and extension of the Iron Mountain railroad of Missouri. The bill now goes to the President.

Messrs. Wilson, Harrison, and Nesmith, were appointed as a conference committee on the Freedman's Bureau bill on the part of the Senate.

The Indian appropriation bill was taken up.

The Senate finance committee recommended several amendments.

Further consideration of the bill was postponed until Tuesday.

The Senate then went into executive session.

Adjourned.

HOUSE.

A bill was passed allowing soldiers to change the location of homesteads if purchased without their examination, and with which they may be dissatisfied.

The bill organizing land districts in Arizona, Utah, Idaho, and Montana was then passed.

The House went into a committee of the whole on the tariff bill.

Mr. Ames moved to increase the duty on squares of steel or iron marked for measuring from six to ten cents per pound.

Mr. Harding, of Ill., protested against the principle of taxing the people of the West for the benefit of Eastern manufactures.

Mr. Keller replied that questions of protection to property was more eminently a question of protection to the grower of wheat than to the manufacturer of any fabric.

Mr. Harding called for a reduction of duties for the benefit of the people West. The effect of the tariff must be one of two things—it must bring in the manufactured article or it must bring in the laborer himself. The article must be manufactured on this side of the water or on the other side. If on the other side the laborer will stay there, if on this side the laborer will come here and enrich the country, the gentleman's [Harding] State more than any other.

Mr. Morrill's amendment was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Allison the specific duty on table cutlery was reduced from 25 to 18c ₰ doz.

On motion of Mr. Dawes, a paragraph was inserted taxing wardrobe locks, etc., 12 cents ₰ doz. and 40 per cent ad valorem.

On motion of Mr. Griswold, a paragraph was inserted taxing horse and mule shoes 2 cents per pound.

Mr. Morrill moved to amend the paragraph about railroad iron so as to read—on all iron imported in bars for railroad and planed planes made to patterns and fitted to, be laid down on such roads or planes, without further manufacture, 1c per pound.

Mr. Raymond said this was a simple question of details. The iron rolling interests of the country were entitled to protection, but there were other interests entitled to protection also.

Debate was further continued by Kelley, Griswold, Morrill, Hale and other gentlemen at length.

The debate closed on paragraph, and the committee proceed to vote on amendment.

Mr. Wilson's amendment, reducing duty to 70c per hundred pounds, the present rate, was agreed to—50 to 49.

Mr. Morrill's amendment, to which Mr. Wilson's was an amendment, was rejected—thus leaving the paragraph as in the original bill, making the duty 1c per pound.

On motion of Mr. Dodge 10 per cent ad valorem was added to the duty on iron wire.

On motion of Mr. Griswold, a paragraph was inserted, putting a duty of 4c per lb. on railway frogs, &c.

On motion of Mr. Ames, the duty on steel was increased from 45 to 50 per cent.

On motion of Mr. Dodge, the duty on cridine wire was increased from 9 to 10 cents per lb.

Mr. O'Neil moved to increase the duty on hardware from 45 to 50 per cent. ad valorem. Deferred.

The committee then rose.

The portion of the bill (7 pages) disposed of to-day is as follows—

On chains made of iron rods less than 1 inch in diameter, and not less than No. 9, 5 cents per lb; on chains made of iron rods less than No. 9, 6 per lb, and in addition thereto 20 per cent ad valorem; on blacksmiths hammers, stone hammers and sledge hammers of all descriptions, wholly or partially finished, 4c per lb; on wrought iron washers and nails punched or unpunched, wholly or partially finished, 8½ cts. per lb; on screws called wood screws, 2 inches or over in length, 8c per lb; less than 2 inches in length, 10 cents lb; on all other screws, of iron, not herein enumerated, and on screws of any other metal than iron, 40 per cent. ad valorem; on wrought iron tubes of all descriptions, 3c per lb; on wrought iron hinges of all descriptions and bed screws 4c per lb; on galvanized iron of all descriptions 4c per lb; on anvils of all descriptions 4c per lb; on cut nails and spikes of all descriptions 2c per lb; on all hand-saws not over 24 inches in length $1.50 per dozen and 30 per cent. ad valorem—over 24 inches in length $2.50 per dozen and 30 per cent. ad valorem; on all buck-saws not exceeding 10 inches in length $1.25 per dozen and 30 per cent ad valorem—over 10 inches in length, $2,25 per dozen and 30 per cent ad valorem; on squares of steel or iron, marked for measuring, 9c per lb and 30 per cent ad valorem; on needles of all kinds 40 per cent ad valorem; on knitting needles, and for sewing machines, $1 per 1000 and 35 per ct. ad valorem; on table cutlery with ivory, pearl or metal handles, $1 per dozen per doz. and 40 per cent ad valorem; do with other than pearl ivory and metal handles, 12c per doz. and 40 per cent ad valorem; on butchers knives, cooks' and shoe knives and spatulas and pistts, $1 ₰ gross and 50 ₰ cent ad valorem; on pocket knives and pocket cutlery of all kinds, valued at not over $5 per doz. 75c ₰ doz and 50 ₰ cent ad valorem; valued at over $5, $2 ₰ doz. and 50 ₰ cent ad valorem; on skates, costing 20 cts or less per pair, 10c ₰ pair—over 20, 35 ₰ cent ad valorem; on padlocks and curtcombs of every description and on whatever material composed, 25c ₰ doz. and 40 ₰ cent ad valorem; on chest, drawer, box, cupboard and wardrobe locks of every description and on door and shutter bolts and wrought iron drawers, 12c ₰ dozen and 40 ₰ cent ad valorem; on horseshoe nails, or nut rods, brads or sprigs not exceeding 12 ounces to the 100, 12c ₰ 1000, exceeding 12 ozs, 3 ₰ cent ₰ lb; on wrought iron rivets, bolts, spikes and nails, less in size than 20 penny, 3c ₰ lb; on all other wrought nails or spikes not herein otherwise provided for, 3c ₰ lb, 6c horse and mule shoes 2c ₰ lb; on railroad spike, bars or chains, punched or unpunched, 2½c ₰ lb; on iron bars for railroad or inclined planes made to pattern, ready to lay down, 1c ₰ lb.

Adjourned.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

—For resolutions of the Universalist State Convention, see first page. They are worth reading.

THE CONCERT THIS EVENING. Our readers will remember Mr. Wilder's grand concert at Norombega Hall this evening, when 350 juvenile voices will be heard in chorus—and where the Queen of Flowers will be crowned. We have few more interesting entertainments during the year than these beautiful exhibitions of talent by the children. Mr. W. has arranged the reserved seats so that each seat will be numbered, and persons can select them from 8 to 12 and from 2 to 5 o'clock to-day, and also in the evening.

THE NEW SEWERS. The construction of the main drain or sewer on York and Essex streets, ordered by the City Council recently, has been commenced, and is now about one-half completed. Mr. James Fernald is the contractor. The sewer is built of hard burned brick, laid in cement, and is of an oval form, 18 inches by 24. Other sewers have been ordered, and are soon to be built on Hammond, Harlow, Cedar and Fourth Streets. The number of feet of sewerage ordered in all this year is from five to seven thousand. Mr. Fernald contracts for all, except that on Harlow street, at $1.45 per foot. Sewers constructed as above described are practically indestructible. That on York street is to be six feet, four inches below the level of the street, at the upper end, and to have a true descending grade.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT. We learn that Mr. Amos Gulliver of this city met with a very serious accident at the mills in Veazie last Friday. He was engaged in "edging" boards with a circular saw, when a board was caught by the saw and thrown violently against his body, breaking one of his legs below the knee, besides inflicting some other injuries.

BURGLARY. On Friday night, Mr. N. C. Hellenbrand, of Oldtown, was awakened by a dog which had been left in his store the evening before. Knowing that something was wrong, he aroused a neighbor and went down. On the way they met two other gentlemen, and the four proceeded to the store, where they found several large squares of glass broken, and goods piled up convenient to reach from the outside. Finding no one, they returned home, leaving Mr. H. to take care of the store. A short time after they left, the thief suddenly appeared from under the counter, made a dive through the window, taking out a square of glass and the latest Fashion Plate, which probably prevented the glass from cutting him severely. Mr. H. snapped his pistol at him, but unfortunately it did not respond, and the fellow is at large to try his skill another time. This is the third time Mr. Hellenbrand's store has been burglariously entered within a year or two.

—Attention is directed to the card of Wm. M. Chford, Esq., Solicitor of Patents, No. 105 Middle street, Portland. Mr. C. will promptly and faithfully attend to all business in that line.

The following is the assignment of parts for the coming commencement at Bowdoin College:

Salutatory—Charles K. Hinkley.
Orations—Charles M. Beecher, Henry L. Chapman, J. A. C. Fellows, John E. Gross, L. O. Merriam, Russell D. Woodman.
Philosophical Disquisitions—J. G. Fernald, G. F. Holmes; George T. Packard.
Poem—G. T. Sumner.
Literary Disquisitions—John J. Herrick, George W. Kelley.
Disquisitions—Delavan Carleton, George E. Lord.
Discussions—Chas. A. Boardman, H. B. Lawrence, Chas. E. Webster.
Dissertations—Sylvester B. Carter, Wm. P. Hussey.—[Press.

—The Portland Advertiser says that, under the Act of Feb. 23d, 1866, granting a State pension to all disabled soldiers and soldiers' widows and orphans, four hundred applications have been received at the office of the Adjutant General in Augusta, and they are now coming in at the rate of about fifty per day.

—Patents have been granted A. H. Whitney, of Portland, for improvement in measuring funnels; Charles H. Sawyer, Hollis, for improved railway switch; Daniel Dennett, Buxton, for improvement in hay racks for wagons; W. T. Lallie, Bowdoinham, for improved medical compound; Benjamin P. Pendexter, Mechanic Falls, for improvements in corn sheller and bean thresher.

—The American says that Capt. Abraham Richardson of Tremont, with three others, were capsized in a boat off Bass Harbor one day last week. They had another boat in tow, and one of the men jumped overboard, cut the painter and cleared her from the sinking boat, and by this means they were all saved.

TAKING TIME BY THE FORELOCK. A few days ago a gentleman called in to Todd's Hair Dressing Rooms and stated he understood that Mr. T. had a preparation for coloring the hair. He further said that his wife had been very anxious that he should have his hair colored to a darker hue; that she was now very sick and would not live a great while, and he thought if he had his hair colored now, it would help him in getting another wife after his present one was gone.—[Press.

—An Irishman named Cunningham was struck by the locomotive of the passenger train on the A. R. R. this afternoon, and thrown from the bridge near the Androscoggin Mills, a distance of 20 feet, to the bed of the stream. He was fatally injured.—[Lewiston Journal.

CAPT. C. B. FOSTER, formerly of the 11th Maine Volunteers, has opened a commodious dining hall at the A. & G. W. Railroad Depot in Corry, Pa. Twenty-four trains arrive and depart each day, furnishing business enough to keep his rooms crowded nearly all the time. Maine soldiers are locating in every portion of the United States.

—The Houlton Times comes to us this week in an enlarged and handsome shape. It is one of the best of our weekly exchanges, both as a local and general newspaper. We are gratified to notice the evidences of its prosperity.

—The Press says that Miss Sarah E. Jordan, of Cape Elizabeth, died in Portland on Friday morning very suddenly, of a severe attack of cholera morbus. It is stated that she had suffered greatly from the heat of the past few days, and had drank freely of ice water.

—An express train from Portland to Montreal commences running to-day as we learn from the Press, leaving Portland in the morning and arriving at Montreal early in the evening.

—A man was fined two dollars and costs, amounting to about fifteen dollars, by a justice in Farmington last week, for using profane and abusive language to a neighbor.

—A tornado on Wednesday did a great deal of damage in the town of Greene, tearing down trees, fences, &c. One person was blown from a bridge into the water.—[Press.

—Mr. T. A. Chick has issued the prospectus of a new paper to be published by him in Augusta, to be called the Union Democrat. It will be devoted to the support of the administration policy of Pres. Johnson.

—The Portland Advertiser speaks of an improved coffin. The improvement consists of a mirror set in the lid by which a hundred persons can view the corpse at the same moment.

—Col. James Butterfield, who has lived his whole life of 80 years in Farmington, died on the 18th ult. The Chronicle says he was a most valuable citizen.

—The number of students at the State Normal School at Farmington at the last term was 113. The fall term will commence with an examination of candidates on Wednesday, Aug. 22d.

—The Press says that about fifty freedmen, male and female, passed through that city Friday, bound eastward, where they have been engaged a family servants.

—Collector Long has been authorized by the Secretary of the Treasury to make needed repairs upon the interior of the Custom House at Eastport.

—The following dividends have been declared by our manufacturing companies:—Hill Manufacturing Co., 20 per cent.; Androscoggin, 20, and Bates 10 per cent.—[Lewiston Journal.

—The Chronicle says there is great trout fishing at the Rangely Lakes. One party recently caught 400 pounds.

—The steamer Clarion, built at Portland, will run on the Union river to connect Ellsworth with the steamer City of Richmond.

—A new steam fire engine for Lewiston has been made by Johnson of Portland.

—The Farmington Post Office is made a money order office.

—During the recent showers persons have been killed by lightning in Spencer Mass., in Hartford and in Berlin, Conn. Two or three were killed in this State, as we have heretofore stated. The showers of last week extended over New England and New York, and have been of immense advantage to the grass. The hay crop will be one-fourth to one-third larger than it would have been had the dry season set in a week ago.

—Our exchanges speak of the currant worm doing much damage in various sections. They are very troublesome in some gardens here. One lady told us she had herself killed over four hundred of them in a couple of days. Kerosene is recommended by one of our exchanges. It is about as easy, and much cheaper and safer to kill the worms by hand.

—A Louisiana paper says that in State horse-stealing is managed as follows:—The owner of a horse makes a bargain with a thief to take the horse to Iberville or Baton Rouge, and sell him. The thief brings the owner half the money, and tells the name of the purchaser. Then the owner goes and reclaims the horse as having been stolen.

—Gigantic omnibuses on a new model have been constructed in Paris. They are so contrived that upwards of fifty persons can be seated on the roof.

—Stewart, the merchant prince in New York, reports an income last year of $4,788,000, upon which he is to pay a tax of over $400,000.

—Nitrate of silver is said to be a sure preventive of hydrophobia, if rubbed into the wound, even after the bite of a dog.

—Crops in Canada West are represented as very good. Spring wheat heavier than last year.

—A new line of steamers is to be put on the direct route between New York and St. John.

"Papa, I know why that old-fashioned pistol of your'n that grandpapa fit with in the Revolution is called a horse pistol."—"Why, my son?" "Because it kicks so."

—A man in Pennsylvania has been sued for $25,000 for a breach of promise. His defence is, and it ought to clear him, that he was ready to marry her last winter, but she kept putting it off, and as she weighs 285 pounds, he prefers not to marry during the warm weather.

"Why," pleasantly asked Mr. Quilp of his friend as a barefooted bootblack was exercising himself far a ten cent piece—"why is this lad like a Greenlander?" "Because he wears no shoes (snowshoes)."—[Post.

—A thrifty young man married a rosy young Irish girl, much to the horror of his mother and sisters, but defended himself by the following logic—"If I marry an American girl I must have an Irish girl to take care of her, and I cannot support both."

A PLEDGE. A man who was picked up in the street Thursday afternoon, in a state of intoxication and taken to the Police station was discharged Friday afternoon, in his sober senses. Before being discharged he took the following intensified pledge. If the liquor he drank was as strong as the pledge it is a wonder that he is alive. Here is the pledge which he signed sober: "I hereby take the pledge not to drink any more intoxicating drink as long as I live.—If I violate this pledge I call upon the Overseers of the Poor to take possession of my body, and put me to work upon the poor farm for one year, and I call upon all the spirits of evil to torment me, for violating this pledge. And I hope if I do violate it, that the next man who sells to me will sell me a glass that will kill at forty rods—and I hope the man who sells me that first glass, will be tormented in hell forever—for doing his best to send me there. This I swear to, So help me God." (Signed.)
Portland, June 20, 1866.—[Press.

An English counterfeiter of greenbacks has been arrested at Atlanta. He states that the bills were made at Birmingham, England, and that he, with nine accomplices, came here for the purpose of peddling them. Three are in New York, two in Boston, one in Cincinnati, one in St. Louis, one in Nashville, and one unknown. He refuses to describe them, or give any information against them.

THE ITALIAN FORCES AND PLANS. The Italian correspondent of The Chicago Tribune writes:

"We shall move more after certain other things are arranged. The second class conscripts never called in time of peace, are counted and notified to be ready. They amount, for the young men born in 1841, 1842 and 1843, to 200,000 men, and will be called as occasion may require. The case stands as to numbers about as follows: Regular army under arms, 450,000 men, of whom 350,000 are available for a campaign; second class conscripts, 200,000, who will be called as needed; the boys who are twenty years of age, of the first class, who would come in next year, about 75,000, and 50,000 Volunteers already called. Add volunteers who have already offered themselves, 75,000, and we have a total of 850,000 men. Another 75,000 may be added for the boys of nineteen years in the first class of conscripts, as many more for those of eighteen, and 100,000 for the militia, called National Guards (who are drilled troops), and you have about the number of men on which Italy can count for all exigencies in the present campaign—say a million of men, about half of whom she will put into the campaign. Bloody as the battles may be, she will probably keep these numbers good through the summer.

The Genoa correspondent of the New York Tribune says:

"One of the most obvious dangers of the situation is that Austria may find means to attack Prussia with her whole force, crush her, and then turn upon us. She has great facilities for doing what the Confederates did so often with you during the rebellion. The distances are not greater, and she has better railroads than the South had. But, on the other hand, rapidity of movement would be something new in an Austrian army, and both Italy and Prussia are fully alive to the danger, and both are ready to move at the first hint of action on the part of their antagonist."

Six gentlemen, forming the executive committee of a "National Union Club" at Washington, have issued a call for a national convention, and four other gentlemen, Senators, that distinguished Democrat, Mr. Hendricks of Indiana, among them, have endorsed the call. The convention is to be held at Philadelphia on the 14th of August next, when it will probably be hot enough to melt down and fuse all conflicting opinions. The avowed object of the convention is "to hold counsel together on the state of the Union and to take measures to avert possible danger from the cause." The platform on which the delegates are expected to stand, presents nothing striking. It is intended, we suppose, to embody those doctrines which the President is thought to favor. It may fairly be presumed that the object of the convention is to form a new party, that third party of which much was said soon after the President's 22d of February speech.—[Prov. Journal.

NATIONAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY. The bill to incorporate the National Telegraph Company was taken up and discussed at great length. During the debate Mr. Nye said these bills were of no use; there was not an independent telegraph in the country, and the only object to be attained was for this National Telegraph Company to sell out its franchise to the existing monopoly.

Mr. Brown said they could not sell without the consent of Congress.

Mr. Nye said it would be as easy to obtain the consent of Congress to sell, as it was to obtain the passage of the bill. They might pass a dozen bills but they would never get another telegraph line for it. [This was an ideal concern, had not a mile of wire or land as far as he knew, and he for one was unwilling to aid in such speculation. These charters were procured for no other purpose than to sell out to the great monopoly, and the only effect was to increase the rates already paid by the public.

Mr. Sherman. If this company can not sell out without the consent of Congress.

Mr. Nye. "Oh, nonsense, tell me what cannot be done by consent of Congress, and I will show you a white blackbird."—(Laughter.)

The bill was finally passed by a vote of 10 yeas to 18 nays.—[Special to Boston Journal.

PENSIONS AND BOUNTY!

Soldiers, and all others Interested, BE NOT DECEIVED!

WE ARE AUTHORIZED AGENTS of the United States Government to obtain the Increased Pension and Additional Bounty, in all cases under the NEW LAWS, at legal rates. *No extra charges.*

Soldiers who have lost a hand or a foot, or who have received any other disability equal to the loss of a hand or a foot, are now entitled to a pension of

$15.00 PER MONTH!

Special attention given to obtaining Pensions for dependent Fathers and Mothers. In these cases generally regarded as difficult to Claim Agents, we never fail to obtain a pension where there is a just claim.

All letters of inquiry promptly answered. Apply early either by letter or in person, at the *New War Claim Agency* of

Perkins & Smith,
(LATE C. P. BROWN,)
No. 2½ West End Kennebec Bridge,
BANGOR.
jun 28

Pensions!--Bounty!
(NEW LAW!)
Important to All Soldiers!

PENSIONS INCREASED.

I AM AUTHORIZED, BY LAW, TO OBTAIN an *INCREASE* of Pension from

$8 to $15 Per Month,

For every Soldier who lost a *hand or foot* in the army or navy, is disabled by wounds or, sickness equal to the loss of a *hand or foot.*

Also—An *INCREASE* of Pension for officers, and for dependent Fathers and Mothers.—Full information given by calling on the subscriber.

BOUNTIES EQUALIZED.

This Law has passed the House and will become a law in a few days—when all the early soldiers of the war, and their widows and heirs, shall have their just dues.

Apply early either in person or by letter, at the OLD WAR CLAIM AGENCY of

C. P. BROWN,
BANGOR.
June 18th, 1866.—d&w

HAYING TOOLS.

NEW LONDON Dodge Hand SCYTHES, Do. do. Grass do. do. do. do. do. do. Joseph C. Hill's & Co.'s

Cast Steel Scythes,

Hann & Tool Co.'s

Cast Steel Scythes,

Patent Snath Plate Staths,

Two and Three Bow Rakes, some of all the best makes in the market.

Two and Three Horse Hay Forks.

Premium Horse Rakes, Common do., Rocker do., Revolving Horse Rakes, Grass Scythes, Snaths, Rifles, Stones, Rifle Bars, Rivets, Hay Knives, Hay Cutters, Grain Cradles, Scythe

Whig & Courier

From The Lady's Friend.

OUR DAILY BREAD.

It is nice to pick and choose
My daily fare, nor to refuse
What Heavenly Wisdom may afford
To furnish life's oft varying board.

If better herbs one day be spread,
Than them still the "daily bread,"
Which comes in answer to the prayer
And though they be not dainty fare
Nor please the craving appetite,
The hand that gives them knows it right.

But sometimes even harder still,
To pampered taste and stubborn will,
Though wholesome, plenteous stores abound
Nought, nor anywhere is found;
Yet can the Great Physician tell
What diet suits his patient well;
He tempers thus their fevered blood,
Restrains the too impetuous mood.

Yet not thus, doth he always prove
By seeming harsh restraint His love;
For oft when strength and courage fail
And earthly cordials may not avail,
As earnest of His endless feast
Bestowed, when tears and fasts have ceased,
He gives me from his store divine
Refreshing draughts of heavenly wine.
So fresh, so rich, so ruby pure,
That angels could not ask for more.

GERMAN CUSTOMS.—G. W. Pierce, Esq., late Postmaster at Natick, Mass., now traveling in Europe, is writing some interesting letters which are published in the Natick Times. From one under the date of Freyburg, Baden, April 25th, we make the following extract, showing the customs of the inhabitants along the borders of the Rhine:

"Now everything is different in the country from the way it is with us. I see two women on an average, to one man at work in the fields. For oxen, they use cows, and yoke them by the horns. These cows are always fat and smooth, and the women stouter and stronger, and healthier than the men. Men go round from house to house among the farmers, tailoring and making up the clothes for the families, while the girls are at work out in the fields.

Yesterday I was out four or five miles with a German; we stopped at the house of a well-off farmer—an acquaintance of the man with me—and there sat a couple of men, tailors, with the old lady sewing, while the daughters were out in the fields spading and digging up the vineyards. These tailors were pale and thin, about like tailors in general; but the girls were stout, their cheeks the color of a hard brick; and they could have thrown these men out of the window with perfect ease.

The other day I was in a tailor's shop to get my coat repaired a little. Here was a room about twelve feet square; in one corner a furnace about three feet each way; a bed for two on it, and I don't know how many underneath; a cutting and pressing table, say three and a half by seven, and six men at work. In this room was one window about two and a half by three and a half feet, and that covered with iron bars and a wire netting.

I make all the excuses I can, to get into the different places. A few days ago I went into a shoe-maker's shop to get my boots cobbled a little; had been thinking of throwing them off for a week, but as I was passing by this shop, thought I would get a few stitches put into them; my principal object being, to see how they worked. Well, they made my boots fit better new and charged me ten cents. Here I found six men at work on the old fashioned low bench. A bed for the crowd—allowing three on top and three underneath—with other necessary shoe-kit, the room being about twelve or thirteen feet square, with two small windows. All around in this vicinity I find the old fashioned spinning wheels and looms at work; but always men at the looms, and white-headed old ladies at the spinning wheel. As I walk along at the foot of the vineyards, on the side of the mountains that stretch away for miles, and see the hundreds of laborers, I am fully as much interested, as in looking into the shops; and find some shady place and sit and see them work.

I have said, these mountains, some of them are very steep, and no teams—cattle teams—can get up or down them; and after the vines are trimmed, the stakes re-set, and the vines tied up to them with straws, the compost is carted on, and spread, and then the whole is dug or spaded over very thoroughly. The compost is carted along and dropped in a pile at the bottom of the mountain, and carried up in boxes and baskets on the heads of women.

Now these rows are from 2 1-2 to three feet apart, hardly any that I have measured are three feet, so you see that it is not a convenient place to spread much more than the natural size; and then the loads they carry would stagger me on level ground, much more to carry them up the sides of these mountains; where it is as much as I want to do to climb up with a cane, and without any load; but it only seems fun for them.

NOVEL EMPLOYMENT.—The New Orleans Times tells a story of a man who some years ago was doing an extensive business in that city, and, owing to his singular blending of roughness and severity with gentleness, acquired the sobriquet of the 'Artful Dodger.' One cold November morning an urchin applied to him for a situation, and in answer to his sharp interrogatories the boy stated that his mother was a widow and supported herself by her needle, and during the summer she had been attacked with the yellow fever, and had not yet recovered from the debility which it had produced. Up to this time the Boy had been going to school, but was compelled to go to work. For some time the Dodger sat buried in profound thought; then suddenly turning round, he stared the petitioner full in the face, and thus delivered himself:

'Boy you are employed. I give you fifteen dollars a month, but on certain conditions. Saturdays you shall have to yourself—all boys should have time to play—but I pay in advance, and when I employ people I expect them to work, work hard, you understand. You give me your time, I give you money. If I do what I please with you five days in the week, you do what you please with me, fifteen dollars.

He then turned to his desk, scribbled off a note, and then took six two dollar and a half gold pieces out of his safe, which he placed in the boy's hand, and told him to deliver the letter.

A few days since the old man's missive came to light, which reads thus:

'Mr. ——, Principal of —— School: I have hired a —— at fifteen dollars a month. His time is my property, and I will most certainly dispose of it as I see fit. I choose that he shall go to school. If you find him negligent, let me know, and he will immediately be discharged.

Respectfully, ——'

The latter was paid promptly until the old gentleman's death, and the novel employee has a good position in a large house in Texas.

A Prussian's festival—no matter where it is held—is a jolly time. The following capital toast was drunk at one of these festivals:

The Emperor: He is the first man I know of, who, having all he knows, and guesses at, to govern, has still enough left to govern his neighbors. He is the first man who ever established the reputation of his office; to find out and elect all candidates to office; to find out everybody, and reform the whole of them. He is the first man who ever provided for the benefit of soldiers, and the first man of the 19th century, who has established a railroad. He is the first man who has established a locomotive, which runs on the track of public notoriety. He is the first man who ever filled with ink his own pen; his boiler is filled with his own steam; his engineers are his tenders; his driving wheels are public opinion. Whenever the engine runs off the track, it is caused by non-payment of subscriptions; that is also supposed to lie, on all occasions, without the co-operation of which it is objected to do.

The following are things pleasant to see: A workit; man reading the newspaper; a lady already carrying a parcel; a father at a clear of amusement with his children; a young man with a clear eye, and a fresh, frank, unbackneyed face; a shop girl neatly dressed and without sham ornaments; a man of business going home at night with a bouquet for his wife; a shopkeeper civil and patient with a poor woman who ventures to buy with a baby across her arm; a selling article; a dress-maker who is quite scientific enough to perfect a fit; and you may your breathing apparatus in Christian working condition; a shop that is not an emporium; a milliner who didn't come from Paris; a jolly domestic who likes the family; a bride with her pet small house; a young father with his first boy.

Sir Walter Scott, walking once with Lady Scott, saw some lambs and remarked on their beauty. 'Yes,' said the wife, 'lambs are beautiful—boiled!' We read that Mrs. Wordsworth was once walking in a grove and heard a farmer's wife soliloquizing, 'Oh my, I do love stockdoves.' The heart of the poet's wife yearned towards that Amaryllis. 'But,' continued the good woman, 'there be's some what likes 'em in a pie; but for my part there's nothing like 'em stewed in onions.' Horace Smith tells of a city miss who accosted a keeper of sheep in the fields, as she glowed with a desire for an Arcadian concert. 'Oh, gentle shepherd, prithee tell me where's your pipe?' to which the man replied, 'I left it to hum miss, 'cause I han't got no baccy.'

Cholera DISARMED!

The Chief Causes of Pestilence Destroyed!

DR. E. COURTARET'S DISINFECTING FLUIDS, secured by Letters Patent in the United States and France, prepared solely by the New York Disinfecting Company, at their Laboratory, Nos. 298, 300 and 302 Henry Street, N. Y. Office, 42 Cedar Street.

This Company, organized on a permanent basis, with Dr. Courtaret, the celebrated French Chemist, in charge of the Laboratory, is prepared to furnish its DISINFECTING FLUIDS for sick rooms, nurseries, urinals, water closets, privies, cesspools, sewers, gutters, ships, railroads, hospitals, prisons, and public institutions of all kinds, slaughter-houses, refined fat-boiling establishments; all kinds of manures (immensely increasing the value of the latter to every farmer), and wherever poisonous and offensive gases exist. These agents are deodorizers, and not disinfectants, and disinfectants in the accepted meaning of the words. They remove noxious gases and odors by chemical principles—leaving in their places healthful air; they are DESTROYERS, and not merely absorbents of poisonous gases—not injurious to utensils in which they are used. The attention of medical and scientific men is directed to these disinfectants. Attached, are testimonials in favor of this great discovery, which, with hundreds of others can be seen at the Company's office.

DELAVAN HOUSE, ALBANY, March 30, 1866.

To the President of the New York Disinfecting Company:

DEAR SIR: It is all it is represented to be. We have made many trials of disinfectants, but now consider that we have found an article which surpasses all others as a remedy against all bad odors.

T. ROESSEL & CO.

NEW YORK, April 9, 1866.

To the President of the New York Disinfecting Company:

DEAR SIR: We pronounce it without exception to be the best we have ever known. Its effect upon every matter is complete and instantaneous.

C. A. STETSON, Astor House.

N. B.—These Disinfectants are used by the scavengers, under the direction of the Sanitary Police of the Metropolitan Health Department, New York.

POWELL & THOMPSON,
42 Cedar St., N. Y.,
General and Sole Agents for the United States and the Canadas, to whom all orders should be addressed. For sale by all Druggists and General Dealers in the United States and Canadas. may 21—3m

Co-Partnership Notice.

THE Subscribers have formed a Co-partnership under the style of DOLE & FOGG, for carrying on the PLANING MILL BUSINESS.

Planing, Tonguing, Grooving and Sawing Executed in the best manner and at short notice.

Also kept constantly on hand all kinds of

Long and Short Dry Lumber,

FOR SALE,

Clapboards, Planed and Fitted to Order.

ALSO FOR SALE,

MOULDINGS AND GUTTERS,

Constantly on hand.

The works being situated on the wharf near the Maine Central Rail Road Depot, offer great inducement to shippers of Lumber, as the expense of truckage and wharfage is saved.

Ship Knees Planed to Order.

JIG SAWING done at short notice.

JOHN DOLE, H. H. FOGG.

Bangor, April 1, 1866.—3tdw3m w3m

Sale of Timber and Lumber

FOR EDUCATIONAL PURPOSES.

LAND OFFICE, Bangor, May 6, 1866.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until Saturday, August 11, 1866, for the purchase of the Timber and Lumber upon any township, or land belonging to the State, not already selected for the School Fund, and not otherwise appropriated at the date of the passage of the Resolve authorizing the sale of "Timber and Lumber," for educational purposes, March 23, 1864; or the proposals may embrace a quantity equal to a township, to be selected in townships 9 R. 4; 11, R. 3; 5, R. 8; and 11, R. 1; W. E. L. S.; the proposals to specify the sum offered for a permit to take "Timber and Lumber" for the term of ten years.

No proposals will be accepted for a less sum than five thousand dollars, all to be determined on the day fixed for opening proposals.

ISAAC R. CLARK,
june 8—dts Land Agent.

NUEVITAS

MOLASSES.

369 HHDS. } SUPERIOR NUEVITAS
48 TIERCES. } MOLASSES, cargo of schr. Alice Gray, now landing and for sale by

Geo. W. Ladd & Co.,
may24 No. 6 BROAD STREET.

Patent Wooden and Metallic Burial Caskets.

LARD WOOD AND PINE COFFINS,

HAVE several new and superior patterns of METALLIC CASES, which will be furnished with plate on the lid, on the inside, with name, age, &c., of deceased, without extra expense, all trimmings included. COFFINS and CASKETS, which will be furnished at the lowest prices, and delivered in the above line, always on hand.

Residence—No. 124 Centre Street.

No's 19 and 20 Market Square.

Fire Works,

Toy Cannons, Flags, &c.

—AT—

HYDE'S,
NO. 16 MAIN ST.
june 13—dawdw

$500 REWARD!

CITY OF BANGOR.
MAYOR'S OFFICE.

A REWARD OF FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be paid by the city of Bangor to the person who shall give such information as will lead to the conviction and final conviction of any person or persons who have or shall, during the present month of June, set fire to any building in this city.

A. WAKEFIELD,
may 16—tf Mayor.

Slating.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons wishing to have SLATING done, that I am now prepared to do it. All orders left at No. 32 Hammond street will receive prompt attention.

Charges reasonable and work warranted.

All orders left at No. 32 Hammond street will receive prompt attention.

may 16—dtf* C. H. PURDY.

Matta'amkeag Log Driving Company.

THE Directors of the MATTA'AMKEAG LOG DRIVING COMPANY hereby give public notice that they will meet at the Counting Room of CHARLES D. BRYANT, seventy-five Exchange street, at Bangor, on THURSDAY of the 5th day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of assessing on all logs which are driven by said Corporation on the Matta'amkeag River, to enable said Corporation to pay the expenses for driving the same and other expenses, and to transact any other business legally coming before said meeting.

JOAB W. PALMER,
CARLETON S. BRAGG,
EBENEZER WEBSTER,
WM. PIERSON,
CHAS. D. BRYANT,
Directors M. L. D. Company.

June 19th, 1866.

Notice to Log Owners.

THE owners of the Logs now in, and that are to come into the Penobscot Boom, this season, are requested to hand in the number of said Logs to the Clerk at the Boom, if they have not already had them recorded there; and said Log owners are hereby notified that the Penobscot Lumbering Association are now rafting Logs at the Lower and Argyle Booms, and each owner is requested to take his Logs away as fast as rafted and thereby save extra charges.

Per order of Directors:
ABRAM MOOR, Clerk P. L. A.

Bangor, May 10, 1866

NOTICE

TO SELLERS OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That by an order of the Mayor and Aldermen, passed May 14, 1860, the City Marshal is directed to enforce the Act entitled an Act for the suppression of Drinking Houses and Tippling Shops, approved March 25th, 1858, and additional thereto. In obedience to said orders, the undersigned will proceed to take measures to enforce the provisions of said act in all cases of violation thereof in this city, from and after Monday next.

H. B. FARNHAM,
may 16 City Marshal.

State of Maine.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
Augusta, June 6, 1866.

To Municipal Authorities:

A CONSTRUCTION has been placed upon the blank applications for State Pension, to which it is perhaps liable, though by no means intended, (as it will appear by the instructions accompanying the blanks), that every party applying shall subscribe him or herself a pauper. To correct this, in all cases in which persons applying are not receiving aid, either public or private, the third paragraph of the application signed by the proposed beneficiary, which declares the inability in the second line, should be changed by striking out the words "and" and "continue to," so that line will read "obtain a livelihood for myself and those dependent upon me, and shall be compelled to" &c.

The object of this law is to relieve those who may be in need, and prevent others from becoming so, and will be administered.

EPHRAIM FLINT, Secretary of State.

SALE OF PUBLIC LANDS.

LAND OFFICE, Bangor, June 1, 1866.

IN pursuance of law as defined in Chapter 5, Section 32, Revised Statutes, Public Notice is hereby given that the following Schedule of Tracts and Parcels of Lands will be offered for sale on Saturday, the first day of September next, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Land Office in Bangor, at a price per acre not less than the minimum fixed in the advertised list.

The sale to be by Sealed Proposals in conformity with the provisions of the foregoing Chapter and Section, which require that ten per cent of the minimum price of the township or part sold to accompany each proposal, which amount shall constitute a part of, and be allowed in, the cash payment to be made upon the township or tract purchased.

Purchasers required to be one-third cash, remainder in three promissory notes payable annually in one, two and three years, with satisfactory bond for payment of stumpage.

The sum deposited by any other bidder, who does not become a purchaser, may be withdrawn by him at any time after the bids are declared and made.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

	Min. price per acre.
Part of Township No. 2, R.8, W. B. K. P., at the minimum of $1,000 for the tract,	cts.
North part of No. 1, R. 6, W. B. K. P., 10,000 acres,	40
Remainder South half 3, R. 4, do. 10,614 acres,	50

PISCATAQUIS COUNTY.

Sections Nos. 4, 5, 6, 12, 17, 23 & 24, in Township No. 2, R. 11, W. E. L. S., 1288 acres	40
ELLIOTSVILLE—Lots No. 4 & 5 R. 11 4 & 5 R. 12; 2, 6, 7, 8, R. 3; and Gore, 250 acres,	25
9, R. 6, W. E. L. S. Sections No. 2, 10, 14, 16, 34 and 35, of 11, 3244 acres,	25
L. R. 2, being S. W. ¼ and other parts remaining unsurveyed, 3423 acres,	30
C. R. 1, W. E. L. S. at the minimum price of thirty cents per acre for the Township; fifty cents for either quarter; and seventy-five cents for selected sections. Proposals deemed most favorable in the aggregate will be received. 23,080 acres,	30
E. R. 1, W. E. L. S. Sections No. 17; Lots 1 Sec. 18; 2 Sec 18; 1 Sec. 19,	30
Sec. 8, Lots 8 Sec. 4; 4 Sec. 4; 1 Sec. 10; 2 Sec. 10; 3 Sec. 10; 4 Sec. 10; 1 Sec. 16; 2 Sec. 16; 3 Sec. 16; 4 Sec. 16; 3 Sec. 15; 4 Sec. 14, 2851 acres,	40
S. 2, No. 2, R. 1, W. E. L. S. Lots No. 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 86, 2289 acres,	30
11, R. 1, W. E. L. S. Sections No. 6; Lots 10, 19, 23; N. W. ¼ Sec. 17, 1105 acres,	30
Reserving the privilege of withdrawing Sect. 6,	

SOMERSET COUNTY.

6, R. 17, W. E. L. S. S. W. ¼ 5870 acres,	60
S. E. ¼ remainder, 4335 acres,	50

ISAAC R. CLARK,
june 9 Land Agent.

United States Claim Agency

PERKINS & STEVENS,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
AND
ARMY & NAVY CLAIM AGENTS,
Authorized by U. S. Government,
No. 1 MAIN ST., BANGOR.

PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, ARREARS OF PAY, and PRIZE MONEY, and all claims against the Government, obtained for

Officers, Soldiers, Seamen,
AND THEIR HEIRS.

Claimants can apply by Letter or in person. Information free of charge.

Special attention given to suspended or rejected claims.

Perkins & Stevens,
GOVERNMENT AGENCY,
NO. 1 MAIN STREET, BANGOR, MAINE.

REFERENCES:
Hon. H. HAMLIN, Vice President U. S.
Hon. JOHN H. RICE, M. C.
Hon. JOHN APPLETON, Chief Justice, S. J. C.
Hon. JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge Prob.
December 20.

Piano Fortes!

PURCHASERS OF PIANOS are invited to examine the *BEST ASSORTMENT* ever offered in Bangor, consisting of Instruments from the following

STEINWAY & SONS,
HICKERING & SONS,
ALLET, DAVIS & Co.,
AUL, HUMPHREY & Co.,
EORGE M. GUILD, & Co.,
LLEN & JEWETT,
LFRED NEWHALL,

Ware Rooms 24 Main Street,

Charles Hale,
Agent for Bangor and Vicinity.
June 16 May 5th

July.

ATLANTIC Leaflet and Two Year Folio for sale by CHAS. HIGHT.
june 28 dtf

Bangor Post Office.

Post Office open from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M.

Western mail closes at 6 A. M.; North Carmel, via Hermon; Monroe, via Ellis Woods Corner, at 2½ P. M.; Narraguagus, via Dunbarton and Alligator Line, close at 6½ P. M.; all others close at 9 P. M.

The time of the arrivals and departures is the contract time. There are no arrivals or departures on Sundays.

The North Carmel via Hermon mail arrives and departs on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Kenduskeag, Brownsville and Greenville offices have a daily mail.

The mail for Dexter via Kenduskeag leaves here Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, and returns Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

The other mails are daily.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

	Arrival.		Departure.	
Western, (arrives at depot)	3	P. M.	7.00	A. M.
Vassalboro',	9	P. M.	5	A. M.
Calais and St. John,	6	A. M.	9.30	P. M.
Belfast,	9	P. M.	6	A. M.
Ellsworth, Machias, &c.,	5	A. M.	9.30	P. M.
Houlton,	9	P. M.	6	A. M.
Castine and Bucksport,	6	P. M.	6	A. M.
Upper Stillwater,	6	P. M.	6	A. M.
Dexter, via Kenduskeag,	5	P. M.	8	A. M.
Brownville, via Bradford,	7	P. M.	6	A. M.
Greenville, via Monson,	9	P. M.	6	A. M.
North Carmel, via Hermon,	12	M.	3	P. M.
Monroe Centre, via Ellingwoods Corner,	10	A. M.	3	P. M.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

ON LETTERS.

Throughout the United States, 3 cents per half ounce, or fraction of a half ounce.

To and from the British Provinces, not over 2,500 miles, 10 cents per half ounce.

To same, over 1,500 miles, 25 cents per half ounce.

ON NEWSPAPERS—QUARTERLY RATES.

Weekly papers (to actual subscribers) within the county where published—free.

Weekly papers, in the State, where published and out of the county, 5 cents per quarter.

Weekly papers to any part of the United States 5 cents per quarter.

Daily papers (or six papers per week) in the State, 30 cents per quarter.

Daily papers out of the State, 30 cents per quarter.

[The above rates apply to papers weighing not over 4 ounces each—and this embraces almost every paper in the United States]

ON NEWSPAPERS—TRANSIENT RATES.

To any part of the United States—PREPAID.

One package to one address, not exceeding 4 ounces 2 cents.

Over 4 ounces, and not over 8 ounces, 4 cents.			
do 8	do	do 12	do 8 do
do 12	do	do 16	do 8 do

Newspapers must be left open at the ends.

ON BOOKS—BOUND OR UNBOUND.

If not weighing over 4 pounds.

To one address, not exceeding 4 ounces, 4 cents.			
Over 4 ounces, and not over 8 ounces, 8 cents.			
do 8	do	do 12	do 12 do
do 12	do	do 16	do 16 do

Rates of Letter Postage to Foreign Countries.

To England, Ireland and Scotland, 24 cents per half ounce.

To France and Algeria, by French mail, 15 cents quarter ounce; 30 cents half ounce.

To German States, by Prussian closed mail, 28 cents half ounce.

do by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce, 42 cents half ounce.

do by Bremen mail (Oldenburg, Bremen, Frankfort, Luxemburg, Wurtemburg, Holland, and the Netherlands) 15 cts. half oz.

do by Hamburg mail, (except Hamburg, Frankfort, Luxemburg, Wurtemburg, Holland, and the Netherlands) 15 cts. half oz.

To Bremen, by Bremen mail, 15 cts. half ounce.

To Hamburg, by Hamburg mail, 10 cts. half ounce.

To Frankfort and Wurtemburg, by Bremen mail, 15 cents half ounce.

To Luxemburg, by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 22 cents half ounce.

To Holland and the Netherlands, by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.

To Austria and its States, by Prussian closed mail, 50 cents half ounce.

do by Bremen and Hamburg mail, 15 cents half ounce.

do by French mail and Provinces (in Italy), 21 cents quarter or, 42 cents half ounce.

To Russia, by Prussian closed mail, 35 cents half ounce, if prepaid.

do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 15 cents half ounce.

To Prussia, by Prussian closed mail, 30 cents half ounce.

do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 15 cents half ounce.

do by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.

To Sardinian States, by Prussian closed mail, 40 cts. half ounce, if prepaid.

do by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.

do by Bremen and Hamburg mail, 23 cents half ounce.

To Lombardy, by Prussian closed mail, 40 cents half ounce—prepaid.

do by French mail 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.

do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 15 cents half ounce.

To Parma and Modena, by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.

do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 25 cents half ounce.

To Papal States, by Prussian closed mail, 44 cents half ounce, if prepaid.

do by French mail, 27 cents quarter ounce; 54 cents half ounce.

do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 28 cents half ounce.

To Tuscany, by Prussian closed mail, if prepaid, 40 cents half ounce.

do by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.

To the two Sicilies, by Prussian closed mail, 47 cts. half ounce—prepaid.

do by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.

do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 22 cents half ounce—prepaid.

To Spain, by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce—prepaid.

do by British Packet, 5 cents half ounce.

do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 30 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.

To Portugal, by French mail, 22 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce—prepaid.

do by British mail, via England, 33 cents half ounce.

To Denmark, by Prussian closed mail, 39 cents half ounce, if prepaid.

do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 20 cents half ounce.

do by French mail, 27 cents quarter ounce; 54 cents half ounce.

To Sweden, by Prussian closed mail, 40 cents half ounce, if prepaid.

do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 33 cents half ounce.

do French mail, 33 cents quarter ounce; 66 cents half ounce.

To Norway, by Prussian closed mail, 44 cents half ounce, if prepaid.

do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 33 cents half ounce.

do by French mail, 33 cents quarter ounce; 66 cents half ounce.

To West India Islands, (not British,) except Cuba, Turk's Island, Carthagena, Honduras, San Juan (Nicaragua), Santa Martha, Venezuela, and St. Thomas, 34 cents half ounce.

To Canada, New Brunswick, Cape Breton, Prince Edward's Island, Nova Scotia and New Foundland, 10 cents half ounce, when distance is not over 3000 miles from line of crossing; and 15 cents half ounce, if distance exceeds 3000 miles.

To Aspinwall and Panama, 10 cents half ounce, when distance does not exceed 2500 miles; and 20 cents if distance exceeds 2500 miles—prepaid.

To Bogota and Buonaventura, New Granada, 18 cents half ounce—prepaid.

To Ecuador, Bolivia and Chili, 34 cents half ounce —prepaid.

To Peru, 22 cents half ounce—prepaid.

To West Indies, British, (except Turk's Island), 10 cents half ounce, if distance does not exceed 2500 miles; and 20 cents half ounce if distance exceeds 2500 miles—prepaid.

To Sandwich Islands, New South Wales and China by mail to San Francisco, thence by private ship 3 cents half ounce—prepaid.

The postage on letters *via* Southampton for Victoria, New South Wales, Queensland, Tasmania, South Australia, West Australia, and New Zealand, has been increased to 45 cents per half ounce—prepaid.

War Claims, Pensions,

Arrears of Pay, $100 Bounty and all Claims for Military Service in the present War, secured by

DANIEL SANBORN

Office, Corner of Franklin and Hammond Streets over C. Sweet's Store.

PENSIONS for Soldiers wounded, injured, or for disease contracted in the present war.

HALF PAY, Pensions for the Widows, or Minor Children of those killed, or who have died in the service.

$100 BOUNTY for the Widows, Minor Children or Heirs of deceased Soldiers.

Information by mail or otherwise, given gratuitously.

$2 Fees for service moderate, and suited to the times.

DANIEL SANBORN,
Pension Office corner Hammond and Franklin Sts.
jan15 dawtf

SWEET OATS.

12,000 Bushels

Perfectly Sweet Oats,

FOR SALE BY

J. C. TOWLE & Co.

june 14 2w

Gilt Curtains.

NEW STYLES just received and for sale very cheap by CHAS. HIGHT.
june 16

NICHOLS HOUSE.

The undersigned having leased, for a long term, and thoroughly renovated and refitted the Nichols House, on Union street, Bristol Mills, is now open to the public accommodation.

The Proprietor has had a long experience in the "Parker House," of East Corinth, and the "Shaw House" of Newport, and flatters himself that to all patrons he will furnish a agreeable and comfortable home. Every effort and expense will be used to make this House as popular and attractive as any in this section of the State.

Livery Stable connected with the House.

Coaches in readiness for any business at all hours.

Stages leave this House daily for all parts of the country.

Lemuel Nichols.

Bangor, Feb. 23, 1866 (Times)

SNELL HOUSE.

The Subscriber has purchased the above House, and proposes to keep a

"First Class Hotel."

He has repaired the House, put down new carpets, made additions to the furniture, &c., &c. He has also secured the services of M. R. HUSSEY, as Clerk. And by the experience he has had in the business, he flatters himself that he can suit the people of Aroostook—*or any other man.*

GEO. PARKS, Proprietor.

Houlton, July 1, 1865. ly6

National House.

HARLOW ST., BANGOR, MAINE,

A. T. CHICK, - - Proprietor,

THIS House is situated in the most business part of the City and is now open to the Travelling Community.

The Proprietor hopes by strict and personal attention to receive a liberal share of patronage.

The tables will be furnished with the best the Market affords, and every attention paid to the wants of his guests.

There is attached to this House a good STABLE, with attentive Ostler. Charges moderate.

A. T. CHICK.

Bangor, November 10, 1864.

Livery Notice.

L. NICHOLS & CO.,

Will carry on the large and enterprising LIVERY BUSINESS in Bangor, formerly owned by Caleb Billings, Esq., in all its departments.

Teams of all kinds and descriptions furnished at call.

Coaches in readiness for any business, at all hours.

LEMUEL NICHOLS,
DANA SARGENT,
DAVID VICKERY.

Bangor, May 22d, 1866.

Change in Livery Stock

Having disposed of my interest in the LIVERY STOCK in the Main Street Stable, formerly occupied by Caleb Billings, I would say that I have a

CHOICE LIVERY STOCK

At my old stand on the Hampden road just below the Bangor House, where I should be happy to wait upon old and new customers.

All orders left at the Bangor House for Coaches, Hacks or Livery, will be promptly attended to.

O. M. SHAW.

feb Times

Notice to the Public!

In the year 1846, the writer embarked in the Drug Business in the city of Philadelphia, and while thus engaged, made several experiments in regard to the most desirable mode of preparing Fluid Extracts. My efforts being successful—the articles being approved and used by the Medical Faculty—I was desirous of placing them before the public, but hesitated for some time before concluding to resort to any of the usual means of introducing Medicines existed in the minds of many against using advertised *Medicines or Nostrums*, but through the advice of friends and those who had used them this objection was overcome.

After 18 years exertion, commencing in a small way the popularity of my articles has extended to all parts of the United States, and widely throughout foreign countries—and this in the face of much opposition. Every means has been resorted to by unprincipled dealers to injure my well-deserved success in which is known—such as advertising larger bottles at less price, censuring all other preparations, and even copying my advertisements—but I am happy to state that out of the many who have resorted to this, none have been successful.

MY OBJECT

In this notice is to make facts known to the public and respectable dealers, believing, after so many years' exertions, that the Druggists will discountenance such proceedings, and that the reputation of my articles may not be damaged by use of inferior or spurious ones.

Knowing that many may read this article who are unacquainted with me I append a few remarks from those of my native city, and whose names are known in all parts of the world:

Being personally acquainted with Mr. H. T. Helmbold, it affords me pleasure in stating I have been most favorably impressed with his energy and integrity, and gratified at his success."

WM. WEIGHTMAN,
Firm of Powers & Weightman,
Ninth and Brown Streets, Philadelphia.

[*Evening Bulletin, Philadelphia.*]

When on a visit to the city of New York a few days since, I was induced to call on our old friend and townsman, Mr. H. T. Helmbold, Druggist, 594 Broadway, New York, where he is a Model—a perfect one—in the business of said city, and I must confess I had the pleasure of viewing, and so extensive, being four stories in height, and over 200 feet deep. It indeed affords much pleasure to know that he has been so successful, and it is ample evidence of the merits of his articles—as in our whole business experience we have not known of any article to be permanently successful that did not merely bringing the name before the people."

[*Boston Herald.*]

We do not like to advertise worthless wares, or articles calculated to deceive our readers; and when we see an advertiser like Mr. Helmbold, whom we have known for years, gradually extend his advertising from year to year until he becomes the largest advertiser in the United States, we are satisfied that the statements in regard to his articles must be correct."

The writer reluctantly inserts the above, and would not do so were he not a stranger to many; and concludes by stating the names of his articles, and the diseases for which they have been used by many thousands with complete success.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF BUCHU

Will cure all diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder. Chronic Pain or Weakness in the Back, Strictures, &c. Certain Weak Nerves, Loss of Memory, Trembling, Dimness of Vision.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract of Buchu

Is a pure fluid extract, and acts in a week ten times quicker than the solid extract. It is the only diuretic needful for all complaints incident to Females. For particulars send for circular.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXT. BUCHU

Cures Gravel and Dropsical Swelling existing in Men, Women or Children; in fact, all diseases arising from the use of a Diuretic. It is the great Solvent and Diuretic known—perfectly safe, pleasant to take and odor, and immediate in its action.

HELMBOLD'S

Fluid Extract of Sarsaparilla

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED.

One bottle equivalent in strength to one gallon of the syrup or Decoction.

Reaches the seat of the disease immediately, and clears all HUMORS of the BLOOD.

And Beautifying the Complexion.

These articles, being of such strength, the dose is exceedingly small. From this fact, it is used in the United States Army Hospitals and public Sanitary Institutions throughout the land.

Try it. Cut out the advertisement and send for one. It will be sent by express to any address.

To insure the genuine, inquire for mine.

Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other.

Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

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FOUND.

WE have just found the place to get our own Stencil Plates made, and have got it done. W. FOLSOM, of West Waterville, cuts the Stencil Name Plate you ever saw, in the neatest style letter, as plain and neat as the print in this paper, and will mark as plain. Any one can use them, as instructions go with each plate. Sent by mail, 75 cts., with your name, and he will form you a Plate, with your name neatly cut in it, for any style, or your name, with a brush, for one of warranted indelible ink. Directions all put up in a neat tin case, sent by return mail, free of expense. He also cuts all kinds of Plates for marking Boxes, Barrels, Bales, &c. He has opportunity on hand to do it cheaper than others. Please send for Circulars, Prices, &c. Address W. FOLSOM, for Steel Stamps of all kinds. Rubber Stamps, Cancelling Presses, &c. All warranted. Try him. Direct to

H. W. FOLSOM,
may28 May West Waterville, Maine.

ALFRED HAGARTY'S HOUSEHOLD.

A Life Class Melodrama.

Also, My Poodle and other works.

For sale by
may 18 Vocalist. L. P. DURRELL.

ATLANTIC and YOUNG FOLKS for July for sale by
june 2 rec'd by L. P. DURRELL.

PORTLAND and MACHIAS.

Inland Route---Two Trips Per Week.

The New, Substantial and Fast going Steamer

CITY OF RICHMOND.

870 Tons Measurement.

CHARLES DEERING, Master.

Will leave Frank'a Wharf, Portland, every TUESDAY and FRIDAY evenings, at 11 o'clock, or on arrival of Express Train from Boston, for Rockland, Isleboro', Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Mount Desert, Millbridge, Jonesport and Machias-Port.

RETURNING will leave Machias-port every MONDAY & THURSDAY mornings at 5 o'clock.

Going East the Steamer will leave

Rockland at 6.30 A. M., Isleboro' at 7.00; Castine at 8.00; Deer Isle at 9.00; Sedgwick, at 9.30; Mount Desert at 11.00; Millbridge at 2.00 P. M.; Jonesport at 3.00.

Going West the Steamer will leave

Jonesport at 6.30 A. M.; Millbridge at 8.00; Mount Desert at 11.00; Sedgwick at 1.00 P. M.; Deer Isle at 1.30; Castine at 3.00; Isleboro' at 3.30; Rockland at 6.00.

ROSS & STURDIVANT,
GENERAL AGENTS,
June 18 73 Commercial St., Portland, Me.

International Steamship Co

EASTPORT, CALAIS & ST. JOHN.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

THREE TRIPS PER WEEK,
WITH REDUCED FARE.

On and after MONDAY, June 4th, the Steamers